

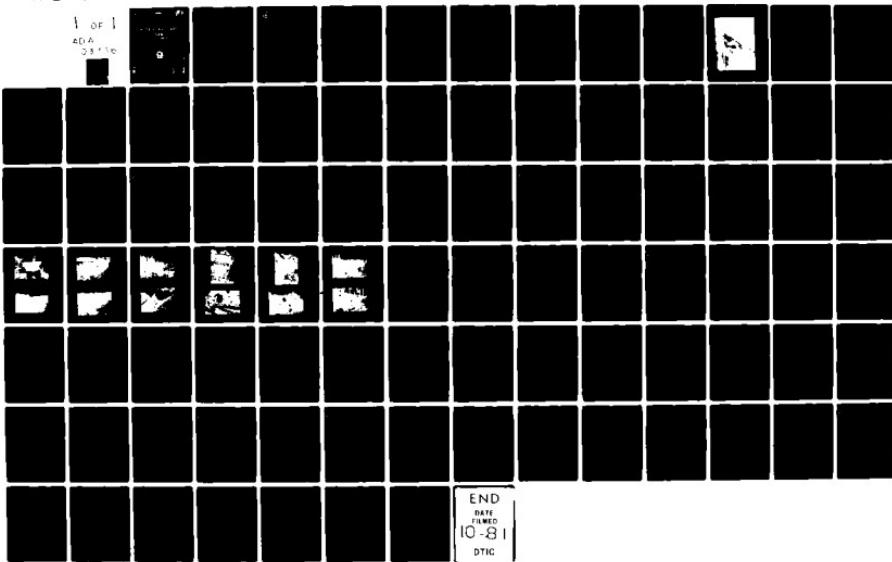
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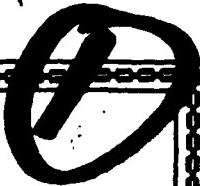
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LEVEL II



WALLKILL RIVER BASIN
ROCK ISLAND LAKE, SUSSEX COUNTY
NEW JERSEY

ROCK ISLAND LAKE DAM NJ 00819

PHASE 1 INSPECTION REPORT
NATIONAL DAM SAFETY PROGRAM



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DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

Philadelphia District
Corps of Engineers
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

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IN REPLY REFER TO

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DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS
CUSTOM HOUSE—2 D & CHESTNUT STREETS
PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA 19106

Honorable Brendan T. Byrne
Governor of New Jersey
Trenton, New Jersey 08621

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Dear Governor Byrne:

Inclosed is the Phase I Inspection Report for Rock Island Lake Dam in Sussex County, New Jersey which has been prepared under authorization of the Dam Inspection Act, Public Law 92-367. A brief assessment of the dam's condition is given in the front of the report.

Based on visual inspection, available records, calculations and past operational performance, Rock Island Lake Dam, initially listed as a high hazard potential structure, but reduced to a significant hazard potential structure as a result of this inspection, is judged to be in fair overall condition. The dam's spillway is considered inadequate because a flow equivalent to 25 percent of the Spillway Design Flood (SDF) would cause the dam to be overtopped. To ensure adequacy of the structure, the following actions, as a minimum, are recommended:

a. The spillway's adequacy should be determined by a qualified professional consultant engaged by the owner using more sophisticated methods, procedures and studies within six months from the date of approval of this report. Within three months of the consultant's findings remedial measures to ensure spillway adequacy should be initiated:

b. Within six months from the date of approval of this report the owner should engage a qualified professional consultant to perform the following:

(1) Evaluate the leakage into the spillway discharge pipe and design and oversee corrective measures as required.

(2) Design and oversee the procedure for the removal of brush, debris and trees from the downstream slope and for a distance of 25 feet from the downstream toe of the dam or to the property line whichever is the lesser distance.

(3) Design and oversee repairs for the eroded areas on the upstream slope of the dam and specify erosion protection for the upstream slope.

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NAPEN-N.

Honorable Brendan T. Byrne

(4) Investigate the cause of the seepage and wet, soft areas at and downstream of the downstream toe of the dam and design remedial measures as required.

c. Within six months from the date of approval of this report the following remedial actions should be initiated:

(1) Begin a program of periodically checking the condition of the dam and monitoring the seepage and wet areas along and downstream of the downstream toe of the dam.

(2) Point the stone masonry headwall containing the spillway discharge pipes.

(3) Establish permanent cover along the crest after filling ruts with suitable material.

(4) Clear inlet box of debris.

d. Within one year from the date of approval of this report the owner should clear trees and brush on either side of the discharge channel for a distance of 100 feet from the toe of the dam or the property line whichever is the lesser.

e. The owner of the dam should develop written operating procedures and a periodic maintenance plan to ensure the safety of the dam within one year from the date of approval of this report.

f. An emergency action plan should be developed which outlines actions to be taken by the owner to minimize the downstream effects of an emergency at the dam within six months from the date of approval of this report.

A copy of the report is being furnished to Mr. Dirk C. Hofman, New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection, the designated State Office contact for this program. Within five days of the date of this letter, a copy will also be sent to Congressman Courter of the Thirteenth District. Under the provision of the Freedom of Information Act, the inspection report will be subject to release by this office, upon request, five days after the date of this letter.

Additional copies of this report may be obtained from the National Technical Information Services (NTIS), Springfield, Virginia 22161 at a reasonable cost. Please allow four to six weeks from the date of this letter for NTIS to have copies of the report available.

NAPEN-N:

Honorable Brendan T. Byrne

An important aspect of the Dam Inspection Program will be the implementation of the recommendations made as a result of the inspection. We accordingly request that we be advised of proposed actions taken by the State to implement our recommendations.

Sincerely,



ROGER L. BALDWIN
Lieutenant Colonel, Corps of Engineers
Commander and District Engineer

1 Incl
As stated

Copies furnished:

Mr. Dirk C. Hofman, P.E., Deputy Director
Division of Water Resources
N.J. Dept. of Environmental Protection
P.O. Box CN029
Trenton, NJ 08625

Mr. John O'Dowd, Acting Chief
Bureau of Flood Plain Regulation
Division of Water Resources
N.J. Dept. of Environmental Protection
P.O. Box CN029
Trenton, NJ 08625

ROCK ISLAND LAKE DAM (NJ00819)

CORPS OF ENGINEERS ASSESSMENT OF GENERAL CONDITIONS

This dam was inspected on 23 April 1981 by Anderson-Nichols and Co., Inc., under contract to the State of New Jersey. The State, under agreement with the U.S. Army Engineer District, Philadelphia, had this inspection performed in accordance with the National Dam Inspection Act, Public Law 92-367.

Rock Island Lake Dam, initially listed as a high hazard potential structure, but reduced to a significant hazard potential structure as a result of this inspection, is judged to be in fair overall condition. The dam's spillway is considered inadequate because a flow equivalent to 25 percent of the Spillway Design Flood (SDF) would cause the dam to be overtopped. To ensure adequacy of the structure, the following actions, as a minimum, are recommended:

a. The spillway's adequacy should be determined by a qualified professional consultant engaged by the owner using more sophisticated methods, procedures and studies within six months from the date of approval of this report. Within three months of the consultant's findings remedial measures to ensure spillway adequacy should be initiated:

b. Within six months from the date of approval of this report the owner should engage a qualified professional consultant to perform the following:

(1) Evaluate the leakage into the spillway discharge pipe and design and oversee corrective measures as required.

(2) Design and oversee the procedure for the removal of brush, debris and trees from the downstream slope and for a distance of 25 feet from the downstream toe of the dam or to the property line whichever is the lesser distance.

(3) Design and oversee repairs for the eroded areas on the upstream slope of the dam and specify erosion protection for the upstream slope.

(4) Investigate the cause of the seepage and wet, soft areas at and downstream of the downstream toe of the dam and design remedial measures as required.

c. Within six months from the date of approval of this report the following remedial actions should be initiated:

(1) Begin a program of periodically checking the condition of the dam and monitoring the seepage and wet areas along and downstream of the downstream toe of the dam.

(2) Point the stone masonry headwall containing the spillway discharge pipes.

(3) Establish permanent cover along the crest after filling ruts with suitable material.

(4) Clear inlet box of debris.

d. Within one year from the date of approval of this report the owner should clear trees and brush on either side of the discharge channel for a distance of 100 feet from the toe of the dam or the property line whichever is the lesser.

e. The owner of the dam should develop written operating procedures and a periodic maintenance plan to ensure the safety of the dam within one year from the date of approval of this report.

f. An emergency action plan should be developed which outlines actions to be taken by the owner to minimize the downstream effects of an emergency at the dam within six months from the date of approval of this report.

APPROVED:



ROGER L. BALDWIN
Lieutenant Colonel, Corps of Engineers
Commander and District Engineer

DATE:



PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT
NATIONAL DAM SAFETY PROGRAM

Name of Dam: Rock Island Lake
Identification No.: Fed ID No. NJ00819
State Located: New Jersey
County Located: Sussex
Stream: Wallkill River Tributary
River Basin: Wallkill
Date of Inspection April 23, 1981

ASSESSMENT OF GENERAL CONDITIONS

Rock Island Lake Dam is probably at least 50 years old and is in poor condition. It is a small dam, 500 feet long, 19.1 feet in height, and was initially rated as high hazard but downgraded to a significant hazard classification as a result of this inspection. Sixty percent of the downstream area at the toe is wet and seepage, noted by orange colored flocs, shows that water is passing though and under the dam. The three 12-inch concrete spillway pipe system is connected to a 20-inch RCP with a 24-inch RCP outlet that discharges beyond the toe of the dam. An 8-inch blowoff pipe also discharges through the 24-inch RCP. The downstream slope is covered with debris and dump materials. Brush and large trees are growing on the downstream face and at the toe. Erosion gullies have developed on the upstream slope and erosion has left patches of rip rap on the upstream slope. A small discharge of whitish foul-smelling effluent is coming from the 24-inch RCP spillway outlet. The spillway is capable of passing 24 percent of the Spillway Design Flood inflow hydrograph, which is one-half the Probable Maximum Flood, without overtopping. Therefore, the spillway is considered inadequate.

The owner should engage a professional engineer qualified in the design and construction of dams to accomplish the following in the near future: Investigate the adequacy of the spillway capacity and design and oversee remedial measures as needed; evaluate the leakage into the spillway discharge pipe; design and oversee the procedure for the removal of brush, debris, and trees from the downstream slope for a distance of 25 feet from the downstream toe of the dam or to the property line, whichever is less; design and oversee repairs for the eroded areas on the upstream slope of the dam and specify erosion protection for the upstream slope; and investigate the seepage and wet, soft areas at and downstream of the downstream toe of the dam and design remedial measures as required.

It is further recommended that the owner accomplish the following tasks as part of operation and maintenance procedures. Starting soon: Begin a program of periodically checking the condition of the dam and monitoring the seepage and wet areas along and downstream of the downstream toe of the dam; point stone masonry headwall containing the spillway discharge pipes; establish permanent cover along the crest after filling ruts with suitable material; clear inlet box of debris; and develop an emergency plan which outlines actions to be taken by the owner to minimize downstream effects of an emergency at the dam. In the near future: Develop written operating procedures and a periodic maintenance plan to ensure the safety of the dam, and clear trees and brush on either side of the discharge channel for a distance of 100 feet from the toe of the dam or to the property line whichever is the lesser.

ANDERSON-NICHOLS & COMPANY, INC.



Warren A. Guinan, P.E.
Project Manager
New Jersey 16848

February 17, 1981

OVERVIEW PHOTO
ROCK ISLAND LAKE DAM



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PREFACE

This report is prepared under guidance contained in the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams, for Phase I Investigations. Copies of these guidelines may be obtained from the Office of Chief of Engineers, Washington, D.C. 20314. The purpose of a Phase I Investigation is to identify expeditiously those dams which may pose hazards to human life or property. The assessment of the general condition of the dam is based upon available data and visual inspections. Detailed investigation, and analyses involving topographic mapping, subsurface investigations, testing, and detailed computational evaluations are beyond the scope of a Phase I investigation; however, the investigation is intended to identify any need for such studies.

In reviewing this report, it should be realized that the reported condition of the dam is based on observations of field conditions at the time of inspection along with data available to the inspection team. It is important to note that the condition of a dam depends on numerous and constantly changing internal and external conditions, and is evolutionary in nature. It would be incorrect to assume that the present condition of the dam will continue to represent the condition of the dam at some point in the future. Only through continued care and inspection can there be any chance that unsafe conditions be detected.

Phase I inspections are not intended to provide detailed hydrologic and hydraulic analyses. In accordance with the established Guidelines, the Spillway Test Flood is based on the estimated "Probable Maximum Flood" for the region (greatest reasonable possible storm runoff), or fractions thereof. The test flood provides a measure of relative spillway capacity and serves as an aid in determining the need for more detailed hydrologic and hydraulic studies, considering the size of the dam, its general condition and the downstream damage potential.

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT
NATIONAL DAM SAFETY INSPECTION PROGRAM
ROCK ISLAND LAKE POND DAM
FED ID NO. #NJ00819

SECTION 1
PROJECT INFORMATION

1.1 General

a. Authority. Authority to perform the Phase I Safety Inspection of Rock Island Lake Dam was received from the State of New Jersey, Department of Environmental Protection, Division of Water Resources by letter dated 12 December 1980 under Basic Contract No. FPM-39 and Contract No. A01093 dated 10 October, 1979. This Authority was given pursuant to the National Dam Inspection Act, Public Law 92-367 and by agreement between the State and the U.S. Army Engineers District, Philadelphia. The inspection discussed herein was performed by Anderson-Nichols & Company, Inc.

b. Purpose: The purpose of the Phase I Investigation is to develop an assessment of the general conditions with respect to the safety of Rock Island Lake Dam and appurtenances. Conclusions are based upon available data and visual inspection. The results of this study are used to determine any need for emergency measures and to conclude if additional studies, investigations, and analyses are necessary and warranted.

1.2 Project Description

a. Description of Dam and Appurtenances. Rock Island Lake Dam is a 500 foot long earth embankment dam with a hydraulic height of 18.1 feet and a structural height of 19.1 feet. The spillway is a concrete weir leading to three 12-inch concrete pipes, located at the left center of the dam, and connecting to a 20-inch RCP with a 24-inch reinforced concrete pipe outlet that discharges downstream of the toe of the dam. An 8-inch blow-off pipe also discharges through the 24-inch RCP. The dam's crest width ranges from 30 to 100 feet. The crest of the dam is bare and rutted because it serves as an access road to homes on the right (north) side of the lake. The dam's upstream face has a 3H:1V slope with small erosion gullies at and above the water line. The downstream embankment has a 2H:1V slope and is covered with extensive debris, including large boulders, brush, tree stumps, and trash. The downstream toe is wet and soft, with a high concentration of orange colored flocs.

b. Location. The dam is located on a tributary to the Wallkill River in Sparta Township, Sussex County, New Jersey. The dam is at 41° 02.5' north latitude and 74° 35.2' west longitude on the Franklin, N.J. Quadrangle. The dam may be reached by exiting from Interstate 80 on Route 15 north to Sparta, exiting right on Route 517 north at the center of Sparta, turning right immediately on Route 620 (Glen Road). Rock Island Dam is a left turn approximately 0.5 mile after Glen Road branches left from Milton Road. A location map has been included as Figure 3.

c. Size Classification. Rock Island Lake Dam is classified as being small in size on the basis of storage at the dam crest of 61 acre-feet, which is less than 1000 acre-feet but more than 50 acre-feet, and on the basis of its structural height of 19.1 feet, which is less than 40 feet, in accordance with criteria given in the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams.

d. Hazard Classification. Visual inspection of the downstream area shows that the failure of Rock Island Dam would cause the surface of the small pond about 200 feet downstream to rise about 5-1/2 feet. Two houses and a shed or garage are located downstream of the small pond. The porch, and presumably the first floor, elevation of the lower of the two houses, about 4 occupants, is about 5 feet above the present pond surface. Although damage to the lower house may be appreciable, few, if any, lives would be lost. Therefore, the dam is considered significant hazard.

e. Ownership. The dam is co-owned by Mr. Carl Aherns and Mr. Franz Montane. Information may be obtained by writing Mr. Aherns at Galen Road, Sparta, New Jersey.

f. Purpose. Mr. Aherns said that the dam was built to provide road access and to create a lake.

g. Design and Construction History. No information regarding the original plan or design of the dam was available.

h. Normal Operational Procedure. No operational procedures were disclosed for the dam.

i. Site Geology. No site specific geologic information (such as borings) was available at the time the dam was inspected. Information derived from the Geology of Franklin and part of Hamburg Quadrangles, New Jersey (Buddington and Baker, 1961) and Glacial Drift Map of New Jersey (Salisbury, Kummel, Peet and Whitson, 1902) indicates soils within the immediate site consist of glacial till over bedrock.

Bedrock was observed in one outcrop adjacent to the downstream toe of the dam during the site visit. The previously mentioned map indicates that bedrock in the area consists of medium granitoid gneiss of Precambrian age.

1.3 Pertinent Data

a. Drainage Area

0.09 square miles

b. Discharge at Damsite (cfs)

Maximum flood at damsite - unknown

Total ungated spillway capacity at maximum pool elevation (at top of dam) - 9

c. Elevation (ft. above NGVD)

Top of dam - 1251.1

Test flood (1/2 PMF) - 1251.9

Recreation pool (at time of inspection) - 1250

Spillway crest - 1250

Streambed in channel near the toe of the dam - 1233.0

Maximum tailwater - (estimated) - 1237.0

d. Reservoir (length in feet)

Length of maximum pool - 1000 (estimated)

Spillway crest - 900

e. Storage (acre-feet)

Spillway crest - 50

Test Flood (1/2 PMF) - 69

Top of dam - 61

f. Reservoir Surface (acres)

Top of dam - 11 (estimated)

Spillway crest - 10

g. Dam

Type - earth

Length - 500 feet

Height - 18.1 feet (hydraulic)

- 19.1 feet (structural)

Top width - ranges from 30 to 100 feet

Side slopes - upstream 3H:1V, downstream 2H:1V

Zoning - unknown

Impervious core - unknown

Cutoff - unknown

Grout curtain - unknown

h. Spillway

Type - Three 12-inch concrete pipes set in a stone masonry headwall connected to a 20-inch RCP and discharging through a 24-inch RCP

Length of weir - 3 feet

Crest elevation - 1250 feet NGVD

Low level outlet - one 8-inch diameter blowoff pipe
(see 1.2 i below)

U/S Channel - Rock Island Lake

D/S Channel - tributary to Wallkill River

i. Regulating Outlets

Type - one 8-inch diameter blow off pipe
connected to 24-inch RCP spillway outlet pipe.

Length (estimated) - 60 feet

Access - along crest of dam to valve box on up-stream side to the right of the spillway.

SECTION 2
ENGINEERING DATA

2.1 Design

No hydraulic, hydrologic, or other engineering data were disclosed. However a property map, showing some dimensions of the dam, was made available by Mr. Carl Aherns, a co-owner.

2.2 Construction

No recorded data concerning construction of the Rock Island Lake Dam were found.

2.3 Operation

No written operational data were found.

2.4 Evaluation

a. Availability. A search of the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection files revealed no information.

b. Adequacy. Data obtained in the visual inspection are deemed adequate to complete this Phase 1 Inspection Report

SECTION 3
VISUAL INSPECTION

3.1 Findings

a. Dam. The downstream slope and downstream toe of the dam are covered with extensive debris, including large boulders, brush, tree stumps, leaves and a considerable amount of trash which makes it impossible to inspect the downstream slope adequately. It appeared during the site visit that dumping of debris over the crest had taken place over a considerable period of time. The area at the downstream toe is wet and soft for approximately sixty percent of the length of the dam. Several seeps were observed discharging water which had a pronounced chemical odor and a high concentration of orange colored flocs with no evidence of suspended fines. Near the center of the dam, the 24-inch-diameter reinforced concrete pipe (RCP) outlet, connected to the three 12-inch concrete spillway pipes, was discharging water with a strong chemical odor which flowed in the channel bypassing a small pond downstream from the dam. A large wet and soft area was observed approximately 50 feet downstream from the dam. This area was opposite the three 12-inch-diameter concrete pipes which are located on the upstream slope.

Trees are growing in the area at the downstream toe of the dam. Brush and small trees are growing on the upstream slope. Erosion has left sporadic patches of riprap on the upstream face and developed erosion gullies at and above the waterline.

b. The crest is bare and rutted because of vehicular traffic; the crest serves as access road to several houses on the right (north) side of the dam.

b. Appurtenant Structures. The inlet box leading to the three 12-inch-diameter concrete pipes is clogged with leaves and debris. The concrete of the structure is surface eroded and the mortar in the stone-masonry headwall is missing or cracked. The outlet for these pipes is a 24-inch RCP, located near the downstream toe.

c. Reservoir Area. The watershed above the lake is gently to moderately sloping and wooded. Several homes were noted around the perimeter of the reservoir. Slopes on the shore of the lake appear stable. No appreciable sedimentation was observed.

d. Downstream Channel. Erosion has occurred on the right and left banks of the channel immediately downstream from the 24-inch-diameter RCP. Approximately 150 feet downstream from the pipe, the stream flows adjacent to and around the toe of the slope of the dike which contains a downstream pond. Trees are growing on the banks of the channel downstream of the 24-inch RCP.

SECTION 4
OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES

4.1 Procedures

No formal operating procedures were revealed.

4.2 Maintenance of Dam

No formal maintenance procedures for the dam were found.

4.3 Maintenance of Operating Facilities

No formal maintenance procedures for the operating facilities were discovered.

4.4 Warning System

No description of any warning system was found.

4.5 Evaluation of Operational Adequacy

Because of the lack of operation and maintenance procedures, the remedial measures described in Section 7.2 should be implemented as described.

SECTION 5
HYDROLOGIC/HYDRAULIC

5.1 Evaluation of Features

a. Design Data. Because no original hydrologic/hydraulic design data were revealed, an evaluation of such data could not be performed.

b. Experience Data. No experience data were found.

c. Visual Inspection. The inlet box for the spillway pipes contain debris and sediment. The downstream outlet is a 24-inch RCP. At that time, this pipe was discharging a small quantity of whitish-colored, foul-smelling effluent. This may be caused by infiltration through the pipe joints of leachate from dumped material on the downstream face of the dam.

d. Rock Island Lake Dam Overtopping Potential. The hydraulic/hydrologic evaluation for the dam is based on a Selected Spillway Design Flood (SDF) equal to one-half the Probable Maximum Flood (PMF) in accordance with the range of test floods given in the evaluation guidelines, for dams classified as significant hazard and small in size. The PMF was determined by application of a 24-hour Probable Maximum Precipitation of 22.2 inches to the SCS dimensionless unit hydrograph. Hydrologic computations are given in Appendix 3. The routed half-PMF peak discharge for the subject drainage area is 288 cfs.

Water will rise to a depth of 1.1 foot above the spillway crest before overtopping the low point on the dam embankment crest. Under this head the spillway capacity is 9 cfs, which is less than the selected SDF.

Flood routing calculations indicate that Rock Island Lake Dam will be overtopped for 6.8 hours to a maximum depth of 0.8 feet under half-PMF conditions. It is estimated that the spillway can pass 24 percent of the half-PMF inflow hydrograph without overtopping the dam. Thus, the spillway is considered inadequate.

e. Draw-down Capacity. If the low level outlet currently in place is fully operable and free of siltation, it is estimated that the pond can be drained in approximately 15 days, assuming no significant inflow. This time period is considered marginal for draining the reservoir under emergency conditions, but adequate, considering the small drainage area.

SECTION 6 STRUCTURAL STABILITY

6.1 Evaluation of Structural Stability. The presence of boulders, brush, leaves, and extensive debris on the downstream slope makes it impossible to make an adequate inspection of the embankment.

The soft, wet area and seepage at the downstream toe of the dam is indicative of seepage either through or under the dam which, if not properly controlled, could lead to failure of the dam by piping or sloughing of the downstream slope.

The trees growing at the downstream toe of the embankment and in the area downstream of the toe may blow over and pull out their roots or they may die with the result that their roots rot. In either case, serious seepage and erosion problems could result.

Erosion gullies which are developing on the crest and upstream face of the dam are susceptible to erosion by rainfall or by overtopping of the dam or wave action on the upstream face, and erosion could, in turn, lead to breaching of the dam.

Parts of the crest of the dam which are bare of vegetation would be susceptible to erosion if the dam were overtopped, which might, in turn, lead to breaching of the dam.

6.2 Design and Construction Data. No design or construction data pertinent to the structural stability of the dam are available.

6.3 Operating Records. No operating records pertinent to the structural stability of the dam were available.

6.4 Post-Construction Changes. No record of post-construction changes was available.

6.5 Seismic Stability - This dam is in Seismic Zone 1. According to the Recommended Guidelines, dams located in Seismic Zone 1 "may be assumed to present no hazard from earthquake provided static stability conditions are satisfactory and conventional safety margins exist." None of the visual observations made during the inspection are indicative of unstable slopes. However, because no data are available concerning the engineering properties of the embankment and foundation materials for this dam, it is not possible to make an engineering evaluation of the stability of the slopes or the factor of safety under static conditions.

SECTION 7
ASSESSMENT, RECOMMENDATIONS/REMEDIAL MEASURES

7.1 Dam Assessment

a. Condition. Rock Island Lake Dam is estimated to be at least 50 years old and is in poor condition.

b. Adequacy of Information. The information available is such that the assessment of the dam must be based primarily on the results of the visual inspection.

c. Urgency. The recommendations made in 7.2.a and 7.2.b should be implemented by the owner as prescribed.

d. Necessity for Additional Data/Evaluation. The information available from the visual inspection is adequate to identify the potential problems which are listed in 7.2.a. These problems require the attention of a professional engineer who will have to make additional engineering studies to design or specify remedial measures to rectify the problems. If left unattended, the problems could lead to failure of the dam.

7.2 Recommendation/Remedial Measures

a. Recommendations. The owner should engage a professional engineer qualified in the design and construction of dams to accomplish the following in the near future:

- (1) Investigate the adequacy of the spillway capacity and design and oversee remedial measures as needed.
- (2) Evaluate the leakage into the spillway discharge pipe and design and oversee corrective measures as required.
- (3) Design and oversee the procedure for the removal of brush, debris and trees from the downstream slope and for a distance of 25 feet from the downstream toe of the dam or to the property line whichever is the lesser distance.
- (4) Design and oversee repairs for the eroded areas on the upstream slope of the dam and specify erosion protection for the upstream slope.
- (5) Investigate the cause of the seepage and wet, soft areas at and downstream of the downstream toe of the dam and design remedial measures as required.

b. Alternatives: None, however, if the dam and reservoir are considered non-essential, the dam could be breached and a bridge over the stream could be provided to replace the embankment.

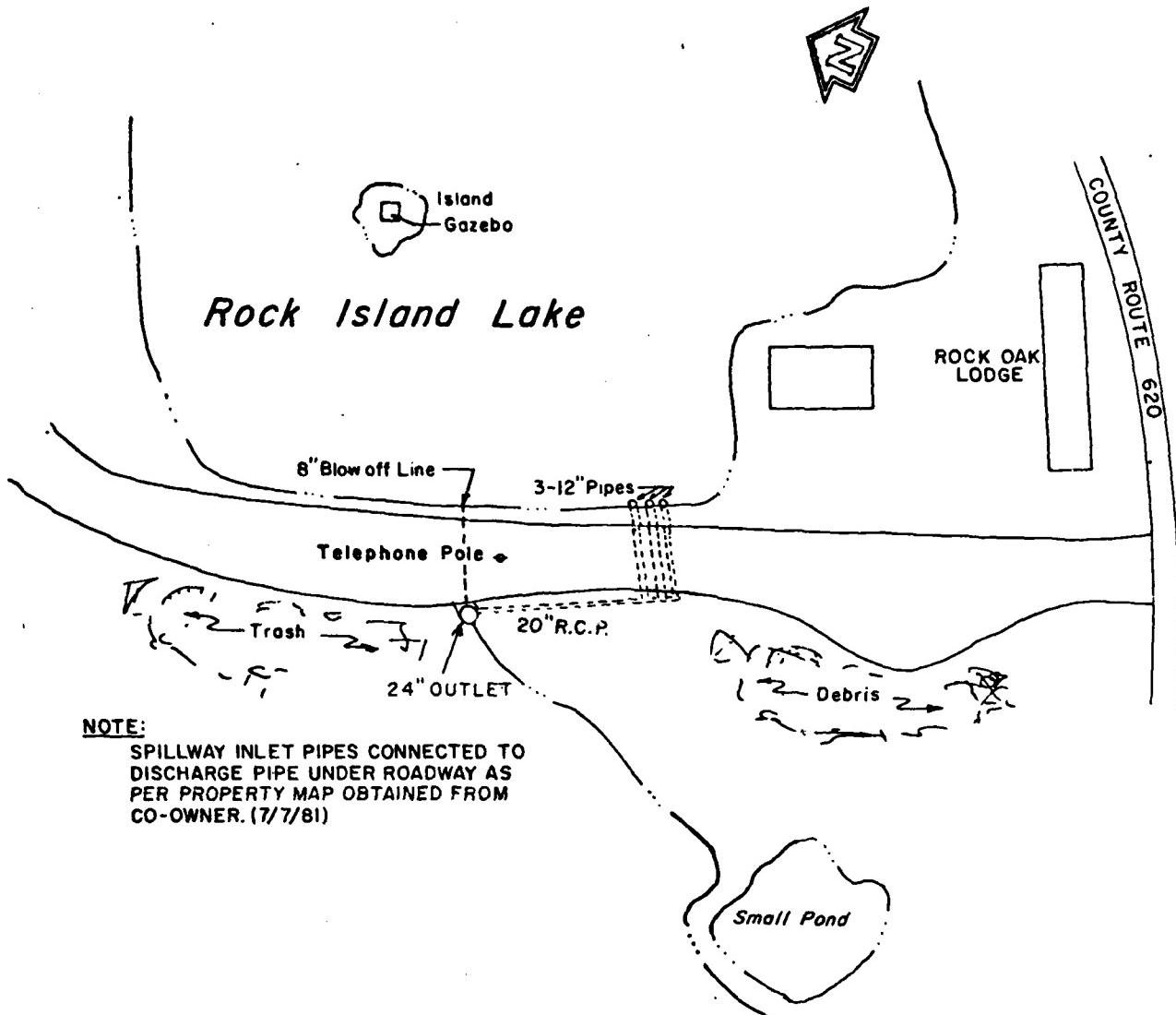
c. Operating and Maintenance Procedures. The owner should accomplish the following in the time periods specified.

Starting soon:

- (1) Begin a program of periodically checking the condition of the dam and monitoring the seepage and wet areas along and downstream of the downstream toe of the dam.
- (2) Point the stone masonry headwall containing the spillway discharge pipes.
- (3) Establish permanent cover along the crest after filling ruts with suitable material.
- (4) Clear inlet box of debris.
- (5) Develop an emergency action plan which outlines actions to be taken by the owner to minimize downstream effects of an emergency at the dam.

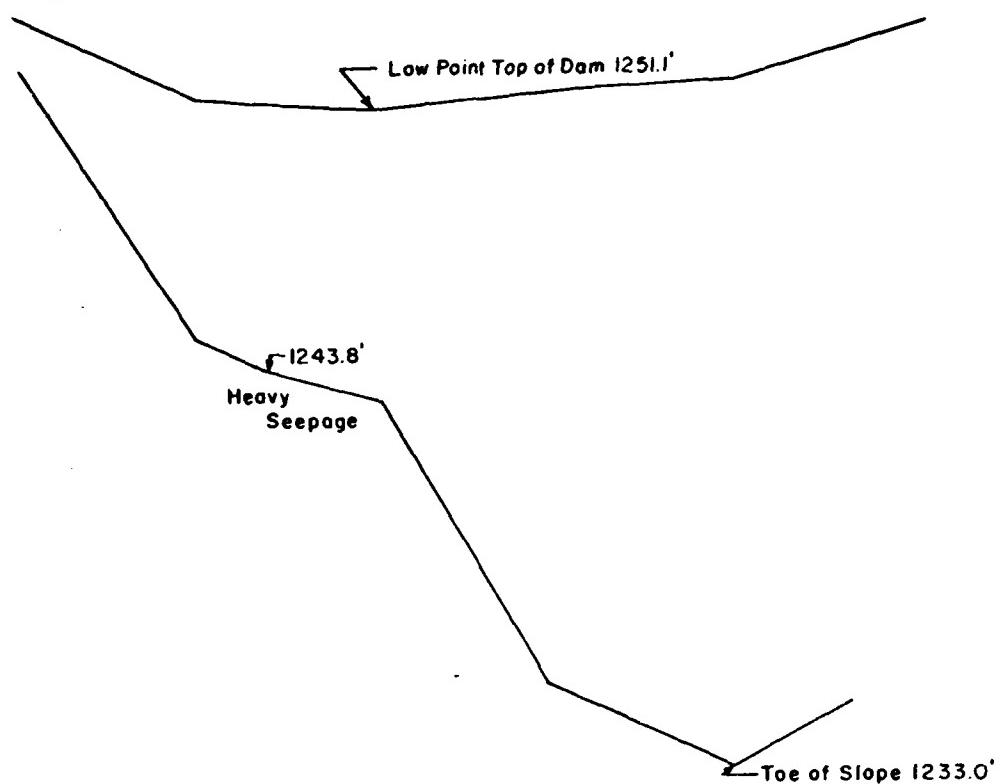
In the near future:

- (1) Develop written operating procedures and a periodic maintenance plan to ensure the safety of the dam.
- (2) Clear trees and brush on either side of the discharge channel for a distance of 100 feet from the toe of the dam or the property line whichever is the lesser.



Anderson-Nichols & Co, Inc BOSTON	U.S. ARMY ENGINEER DIST PHILADELPHIA CORPS OF ENGINEERS PHILADELPHIA, PA MASSACHUSETTS
NATIONAL PROGRAM OF INSPECTION OF NON-FED.DAMS	
ROCK ISLAND LAKE DAM PLAN	
ROCK ISLAND LAKE	NEW JERSEY
SCALE NOT TO SCALE	
DATE JUNE 1981	

FIGURE.-1



Anderson-Nichols & Co, Inc BOSTON MASSACHUSETTS		U.S.ARMY ENGINEER DIST PHILADELPHIA CORPS OF ENGINEERS PHILADELPHIA, PA.	
NATIONAL PROGRAM OF INSPECTION OF NON-FED.DAMS			
ROCK ISLAND LAKE DAM ELEVATION			
ROCK ISLAND LAKE		NEW JERSEY	
		SCALE NOT TO SCALE	
		DATE JUNE 1981	

FIGURE-?



Anderson-Nichols & Co., Inc.

BOSTON

MASSACHUSETTS

U.S. ARMY ENGINEER DIST. PHILADELPHIA
CORPS OF ENGINEERS
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

NATIONAL PROGRAM OF INSPECTION OF NON-FED.DAMS

ROCK ISLAND LAKE DAM LOCATION MAP

MAP BASED ON STATE OF NEW JERSEY
OFFICIAL MAP & GUIDE.

ROCK ISLAND LAKE

NEW JERSEY

SCALE: 1" = 4 Miles Approx.

DATE: JUNE 1981

FIGURE - 5

APPENDIX 1
CHECK LIST
VISUAL INSPECTION

ROCK ISLAND LAKE

Check List
Visual Inspection
Phase 1

Name	Dam	Rock Island Lake Dam	County	Sussex	State	NJ(00819)	Coordinator	NJDEP
Date(s)	Inspection	2/17/81 4/23/81	Weather	Cool & Overcast Rain, Overcast	Temperature	45° 55°		
pool elevation at time of inspection	1250'	NGVD	tailwater at time of inspection	1233'	NGVD			

Inspection Personnel:

W. Guinan	F. D. Deane
S. Gilman	K. Stuart
R. Murdock	

R. Murdock/K. Stuart Recorder

Owner not present

UNGATED SPILLWAY OUTLET WORKS

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
CONCRETE WEIR	3-foot wide concrete weir in poor condition leads to three 12-inch concrete pipes	Locate and clean outlet or replace spillway
APPROACH CHANNEL	Unobstructed on right side. Building foundation runs perpendicular to spillway at left abutment for approx. 25 feet	Investigate source of discharge.
DISCHARGE CHANNEL	Outlet at center of dam - 24-inch reinforced concrete pipe. Discharging liquid smelling of chemicals. Maybe infiltrating through joints. Ground and rocks around discharge end are discolored and malodorous.	N/A

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF EMBANKMENT		OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
SURFACE CRACKS	None observed	UNUSUAL MOVEMENT OR CRACKING AT OR BEYOND THE TOE	Unable to observe toe, covered by leaves and debris.
SLoughing or erosion of embankment and abutment slopes		Erosion along crest, upstream and downstream slopes. Trees and brush on upstream slopes, trees up to 16-inch diameter along toe.	Clear trees and brush.
Vertical and horizontal alignment of the crest		Horizontal - Okay Vertical - Slight undulation in elevation along crest	
RIPRAP FAILURES		Riprap appears to be missing above water level. Some riprap noted on slope below water surface.	Provide erosion protection.

EMBANKMENT

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF

	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
RAILINGS	None	
JUNCTION OF EMBANKMENT AND ABUTMENT, SPILLWAY AND DAM	Some erosion evident on upstream slope adjacent to spillway intake.	
ANY NOTICEABLE SEEPAGE	Ground wet and soggy along majority of toe. Visible seepage at toe near outlet pipe. Standing water along toe near right abutment.	
STAFF GAGE AND RECORDER	N/A.	
DRAINS	None found	

DOWNSTREAM CHANNEL

<u>VISUAL EXAMINATION OF</u>	<u>OBSERVATIONS</u>	<u>REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS</u>
<u>CONDITION</u> (OBSTRUCTIONS, DEBRIS, ETC.)	Poor flowline meanders through woods.	
<u>SLOPES</u>	Moderately steep. Wooded.	

APPROXIMATE NO.
OF HOMES AND
POPULATION

RESERVOIR

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
SLOPES	Gradual to moderately sloped, wooded, some structures present adjacent to reservoir.	
SEDIMENTATION	No appreciable sedimentation observed.	

CHECK LIST
ENGINEERING DATA
DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION, OPERATION

ITEM	REMARKS
PLAN OF DAM	None found
REGIONAL VICINITY MAP	Prepared for this report
CONSTRUCTION HISTORY	None found
TYPICAL SECTIONS OF DAM	None found
HYDROLOGIC/HYDRAULIC DATA	None found
OUTLETS - PLAN	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- DETAILS None found- CONSTRAINTS- DISCHARGE RATINGS
RAINFALL/RESERVOIR RECORDS	None found

ITEM	REMARKS
DESIGN REPORTS	None found
GEOLOGY REPORTS	None found
DESIGN COMPUTATIONS HYDROLOGY & HYDRAULICS DAM STABILITY SEEPAGE STUDIES	None found
MATERIALS INVESTIGATIONS BORING RECORDS LABORATORY FIELD	None found
POST-CONSTRUCTION SURVEYS OF DAM	None found
BORROW SOURCES	Unknown

ITEM	REMARKS
MONITORING SYSTEMS	None found
MODIFICATIONS	None found
HIGH POOL RECORDS	None found
POST CONSTRUCTION ENGINEERING STUDIES AND REPORTS	None found
PRIOR ACCIDENTS OR FAILURE OF DAM DESCRIPTION REPORTS	None found
Maintenance OPERATION RECORDS	None found

ITEMS	REMARKS
SPILLWAY PLAN	
SECTIONS	None found
DETAILS	

OPERATING EQUIPMENT
PLANS & DETAILS

CHECK LIST
HYDROLOGIC AND HYDRAULIC DATA
ENGINEERING DATA

DRAINAGE AREA CHARACTERISTICS: 0.09 square miles, moderate slope,

wooded

ELEVATION TOP NORMAL POOL (STORAGE CAPACITY): 1250' NGVD (50 acre-feet)

ELEVATION TOP FLOOD CONTROL POOL (STORAGE CAPACITY) _____
Not applicable

ELEVATION MAXIMUM TEST FLOOD POOL: 1251.9' NGVD

ELEVATION TOP DAM: 1251.1' NGVD (61 acre-feet)

SPILLWAY CREST: Pipes broad-crested, concrete box with one-foot stoplog notch.

a. Elevation 1250' NGVD

b. Type Stone masonry headwall with three 12-inch concrete pipes connected to a 20-inch RCP discharging through a 24-inch RCP

c. Width Three foot apron with training walls

d. Length 3 feet

e. Location Spillover near center of dam

f. Number and Type of Gates None

OUTLET WORKS: Blow-off pipe

a. Type One 8-inch pipe

b. Location Right of spillway

c. Entrance Invert Estimated at 1240.0' NGVD

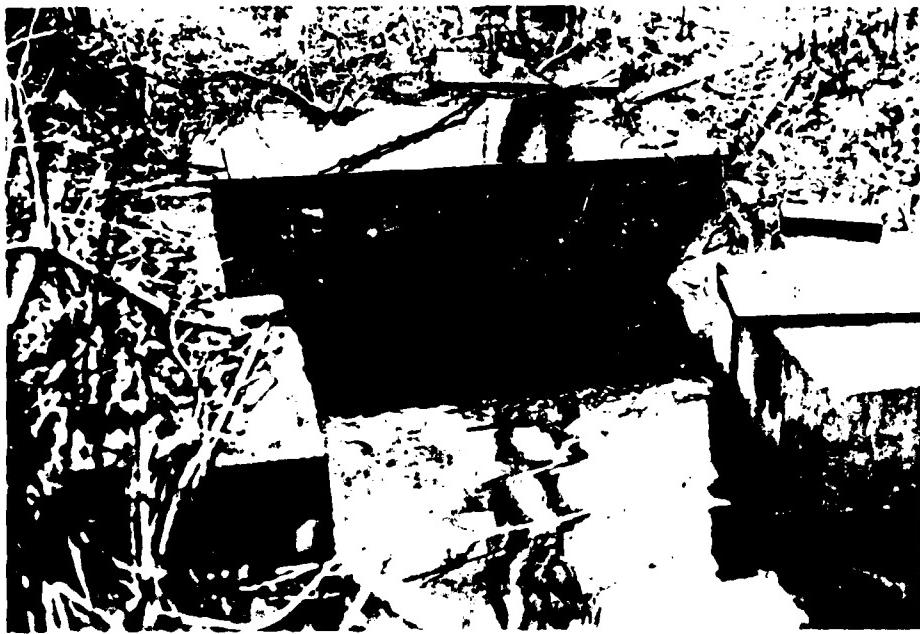
d. Exit Invert 1236.6' NGVD

HYDROMETEOROLOGICAL GAGES: None

MAXIMUM NON-DAMAGING DISCHARGE: 9 cfs

APPENDIX 2
PHOTOGRAPHS

ROCK ISLAND LAKE



April 23, 1981

Spillway Intake



April 23, 1981

Crest of dam from left abutment



April 23, 1981

Upstream face, some riprap visible



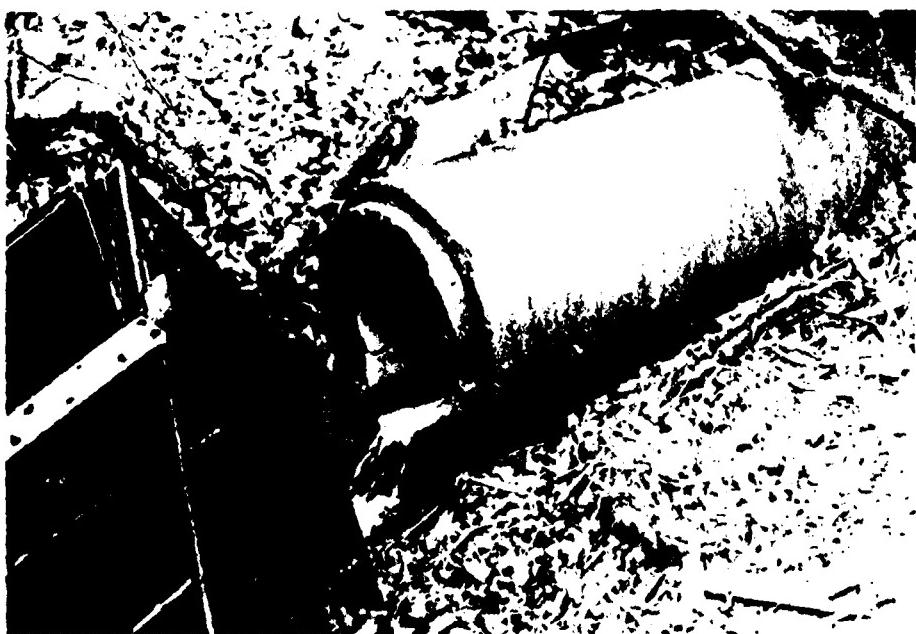
April 23, 1981

Large wet area downstream of dam



April 23, 1981

Looking along toe toward 24-inch RCP spillway outlet pipe



April 23, 1981

Close-up view of 24-inch RCP spillway outlet pipe



April 23, 1981

Erosion in crest of dam directly above seep
at toe of slope



April 23, 1981

Close-up of seep



April 23, 1981

Wet area at toe of slope, orange flocs, no visible sedimentation or flow, leaves and brush obscure toe



April 23, 1981

View of extensive debris along downstream slope



April 23, 1981

Spillway pipe retreat channel

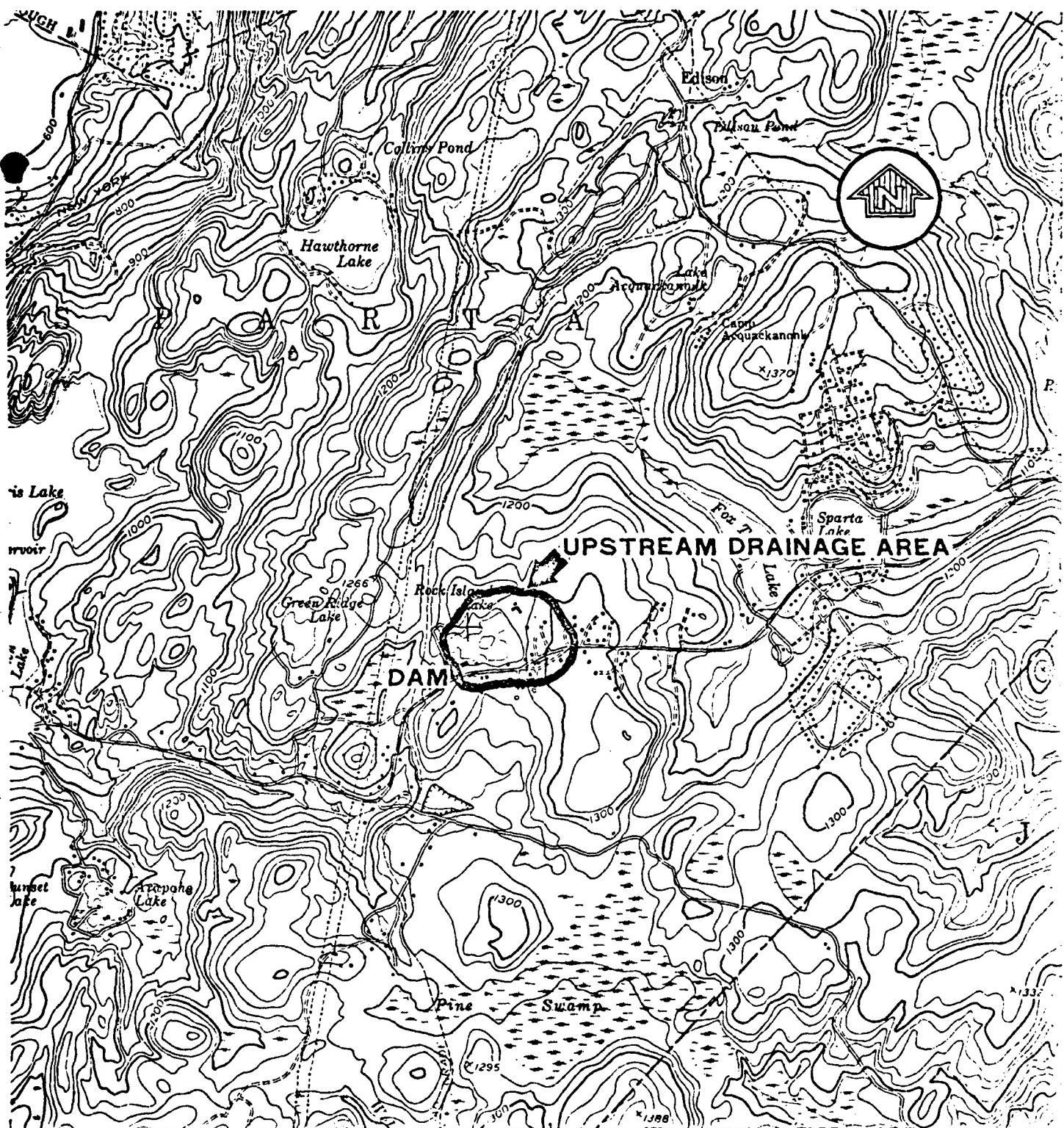


April 23, 1981

Discharge channel looking downstream

APPENDIX 3
HYDROLOGIC COMPUTATIONS

ROCK ISLAND LAKE



**NATIONAL PROGRAM OF INSPECTION OF
NON-FED. DAMS**

**ROCK ISLAND LAKE DAM
SPARTA TOWNSHIP, NEW JERSEY
REGIONAL VICINITY MAP**

SCALE IN MILES

MAP BASED ON U.S.G.S. 7.5 MINUTE QUADRANGLE
SHEET FRANKLIN, N.J. 1954. REVISED 1971.

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS
PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA

Anderson-Michalek Company, Inc.

BOSTON, MA.

JOB NO.

QUARES 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30
1/4 IN. SCALE1 Determine Time of Concentration
2
34 method #1 Texas Highway method
56 overland flow
78 Reach length = 1000 ft
9

slope = $\frac{1310 - 1250}{1000} = 0.06 = 6.0\%$
10

11 From TABLE "Woodlands"
1213 Ave. Velocity = 2.0 fps
14

1000 ÷ 2.0 fps = 500 sec = 8.3 min = .14 hr
15

16 channel flow
17 no channel
1820 method #2 Soil & water conservation
21

22 $L = 0.6 T_C \quad L = \frac{l^{0.8} (C+1)^{1.67}}{9000 \cdot y^{0.5}} \quad S = \frac{1000}{l} - 10$
23

25 Take C = 70 for woodlands $S = \frac{1000}{70} - 10 = 4.3$
26

27 $l = 1000 + 0 = 1000 \text{ ft.}$

29 $y = \frac{1310 - 1250}{1000} = 0.06 = 6.0\%$
30

32 $L = \frac{(1000)^{0.8} (4.3+1)^{1.67}}{9000 \cdot (6)^{0.5}} = .18 \text{ hours}$
33

35 $T_C = \frac{.18}{.6} = 0.30 \text{ hours}$
36

JOB NO.

IQUARES 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30
1/4 IN. SCALE

1

2

3 Method *3 SCS TR *55

4

5 overland

6 length = 1,000 ft

7 head = 60 ft

8 slope = 0.06 = 6.0%

9

10 from Figure 3-1 page 3-2

11 V = .60 fps

12

13 $T_c = \frac{L}{V} = \frac{1000}{0.6} = 1,667 \text{ sec} = 27.8 \text{ min} = .46 \text{ hr}$

14

15

16

17 Method *4 Kirby method

18

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Overland flow

$$T_c = 0.83 \left(\frac{Nl}{S} \right)^{0.467}$$

$$N = 0.6$$

$$S = 0.06$$

$$l = 1,000$$

$$T_c = 0.83 \left(\frac{(0.6)(1000)}{0.06} \right)^{0.467} = 31.75 \text{ min} = .53 \text{ hrs}$$

average T_c from 4 methods

$$\frac{.14 \text{ hr} + .30 \text{ hr} + .46 \text{ hr} + .53 \text{ hr}}{4} = .36 \text{ hrs}$$

$$\text{Lag} = T_L = 0.6 \times .36 = .22 \text{ hrs}$$

JOB NO.

 SQUARES 1/4 IN. SCALE 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29

Stage Versus Discharge

Hydraulic profile on page 4. Numbers in circles (①, ②, etc.) refer to section numbers from page 4.

Spillway - 3-12" pipes, inverts at 1250.0.

$$Q = C A \sqrt{2g} \sqrt{H}$$

$$C = 0.61$$

$$A = 3 \left(\frac{\pi}{4} \right) = 2.36 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$\sqrt{H} = \sqrt{E - 1250.0}$$

$$Q = 0.61(2.36) \sqrt{64.4} \quad (E - 1250.0)^{\frac{1}{2}} = 11.55 (E - 1250.0)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

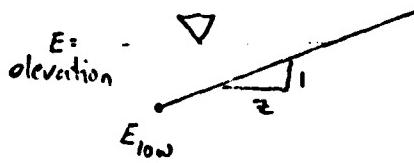
Top of dam (sections 2, 3, 4, 5, & 6)

Discharge will be calculated at 1238.0, 1250.0, 1251.1, 1251.2, 1251.4, 1251.6, 1251.8, 1252.0, 1252.5, 1253.0. $C = 1.7$ for dam crest, $Z = 2H:1V$

Section Description

- 245.5 Section ② is a 100-ft. sloping weir, avg ht. 1252.4, ends at 1251.3 & 1251.7
- 500 Section ③ is a 100-foot sloping weir, avg. ht. 1251.2, ends at 1251.1 & 1251.3.
- 166.7 Section ④ is a 100-foot sloping weir, avg. ht. 1251.4, ends at 1251.1 & 1251.7
- 250 Section ⑤ is a 100-foot sloping weir, avg. ht. 1251.9, ends at 1251.7 and 1252.1
- 62.5 Section ⑥ is a 100-foot sloping weir, avg. ht. 1252.9, ends at 1252.1 and 1253.7

For a partially submerged sloping weir:

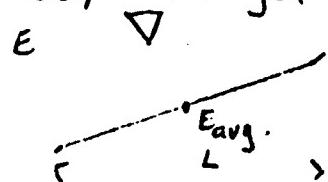


$$Q = CL_{\text{submerged}} H^{3/2}_{\text{ave}}$$

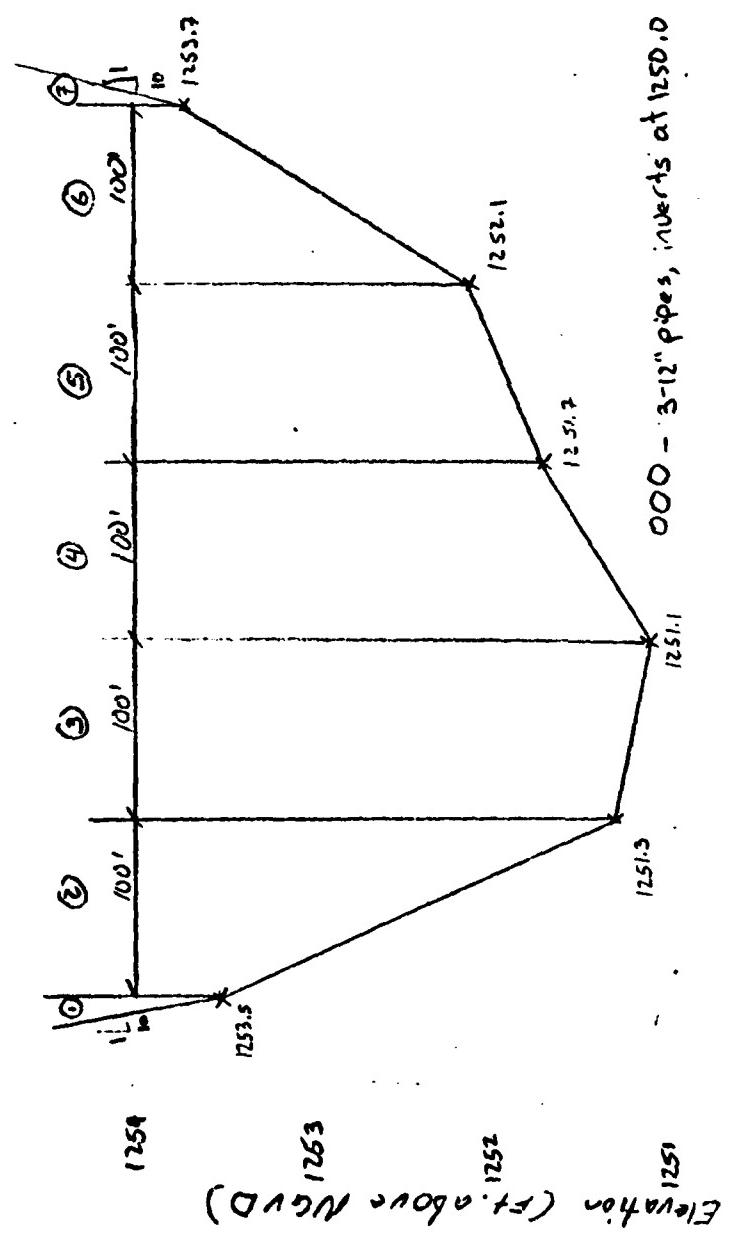
$$L_{\text{submerged}} = 2(E - E_{\text{low}})$$

$$H_{\text{ave}} = \frac{0.5(E - E_{\text{low}})}{L} = 0.5(E - E_{\text{low}})$$

fully submerged sloping weir: $Q = C(L)(E - E_{\text{low}})^2 (0.5(E - E_{\text{low}}))^{3/2}$



$$Q = CL H_{\text{ave}}^{3/2} = CL (E - E_{\text{avg}})^{3/2}$$



ANDERSON - NICHOLS

VERNON	BOSTON	CONCORD
Rock Island Lake	Hydraulic Profile	
DATE 6/30/81	SCALE: 1"-1' V 1"-1' H	JOB NO. P-40F 14

⊗ - 1-24" pipe, d/s
invert at 1256.6,
elev at 1254.

Anderson-Nichols & Company, Inc.

Subject ROCK ISLANDSheet No. 5 of '4
Date 6/30/61
Computed 7/7/61
Checked 7/7/61

JOB NO.

SQUARES
1/4 IN. SCALE 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30

1

2

3 for $E = 1238.0, 1250.0, 1251.1$: $Q = 0, 0$

4

5 for $E = 1251.2$: $Q = 2.7 (500) (E - 1251.1) (0.5(E - 1251.1))^{3/2}$

6

7 + $2.7 (166.7) (E - 1251.1) (0.5(E - 1251.1))^{3/2}$

8

9 for $E = 1251.4, 1251.6$: $Q = 2.7 (45.5) (E - 1251.3) (0.5(E - 1251.3))^{3/2}$

10

11 + $2.7 (100) (E - 1251.2)^{3/2} + 2.7 (166.7) (E - 1251.1) (0.5(E - 1251.1))^{3/2}$

12

13 for $E = 1251.8, 1252.0$: $Q = 2.7 (45.5) (E - 1251.3) (0.5(E - 1251.3))^{3/2} + 2.7 (100) (E - 1251.2)^{3/2}$

14

15 + $2.7 (100) (E - 1251.4)^{3/2} + 2.7 (250) (E - 1251.7) (0.5(E - 1251.7))^{3/2}$

16

17 for $E = 1252.5, 1253.0$: $Q = 2.7 (45.5) (E - 1251.3) (0.5(E - 1251.3))^{3/2} + 2.7 (100) (E - 1251.2)^{3/2}$

18

19 + $2.7 (100) (E - 1251.4)^{3/2} + 2.7 (100) (E - 1251.9)^{3/2}$

20

21 + $2.7 (62.5) (E - 1252.1) (0.5(E - 1252.1))^{3/2}$

22

23

24

25 Side Slopes = (sections ① and ⑦)

26

27 for $1238.0 - 1253.0$: $Q = 0$

28

29

30

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Anderson-Nichols & Company, Inc.

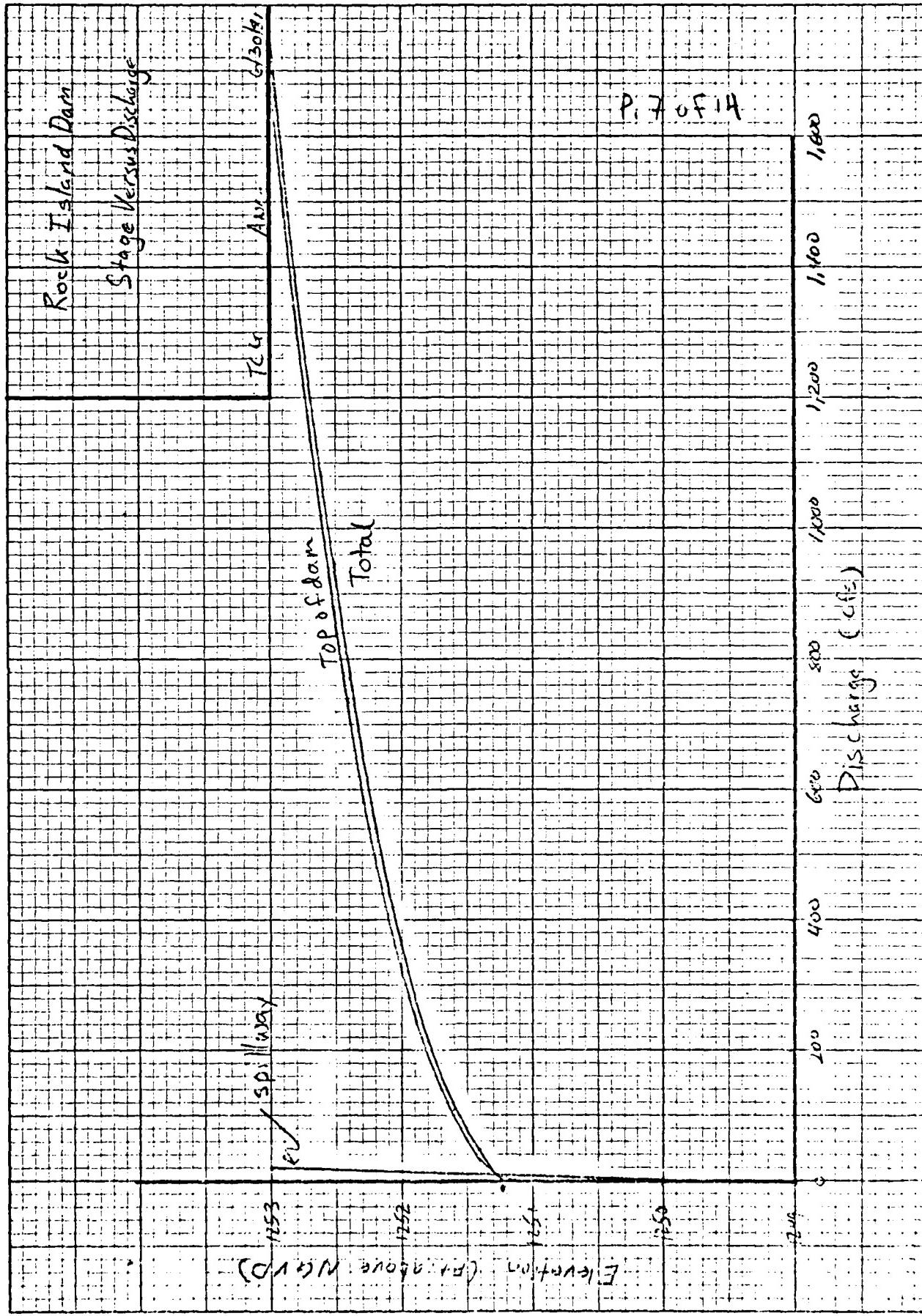
Subject Kock Island

Sheet No. 6 of 14
Date 6/30/81
Computed ICL
Checked ...-5

JOB NO.

SQUARES 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30
1/4 IN. SCALE

Elevation (Ft. above NGVD)	Description	Q_{spillway} (cfs)	$Q_{\text{top of dam}}$ (cfs)	$Q_{\text{sideslopes}}$ (cfs)	Q_{Total} (cfs)
1238.0	approx. pond lowpt.	0	0	0	0
1240.0		0	0	0	0
1250.0	spillway crest	0	0	0	0
1251.1	top of Dam	8.9	0	0	8.9
1251.2		9.7	2	0	11.7
1251.4		11	32	0	43
1251.6		12	98	0	110
1251.8		13	202	0	215
1252.0		14	348	0	362
1252.5		16	912	0	928
1253.0		18	1,716	0	1,734



JOB NO.

SQUARES
1/4 IN. SCALE

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30

1

Stage Versus Storage

4 Surface Area at normal pool (1250.0) = 10 acres

5 Surface Area at elevation 1260 = 15.8 acres

7 Assume a linear increase in surface area with elevation. Assume

9 Storage = 0.0 at 1238.0, 50 ac-ft. at 1250 (average depth = 5 feet).

Elevation (ft. above NGVD)	Surface Area (Acres)	Avg. S. A. (Acres)	Incremental Storage (Ac - ft.)	Cumulative Storage (Ac - ft.)
1238.0	-	-	-	0
1250.0	10	10.00	11.0	50
1251.1	10.06	10.09	1.0	61
1251.2	10.12	10.175	2.0	62
1251.4	10.23	10.29	2.1	64
1251.6	10.35	10.405	2.1	66.1
1251.8	10.46	10.52	2.1	68.2
1252.0	10.58	10.725	5.4	70.3
1252.5	10.87	10.985	5.5	75.7
1253.0	11.10			81.2

33

34

35

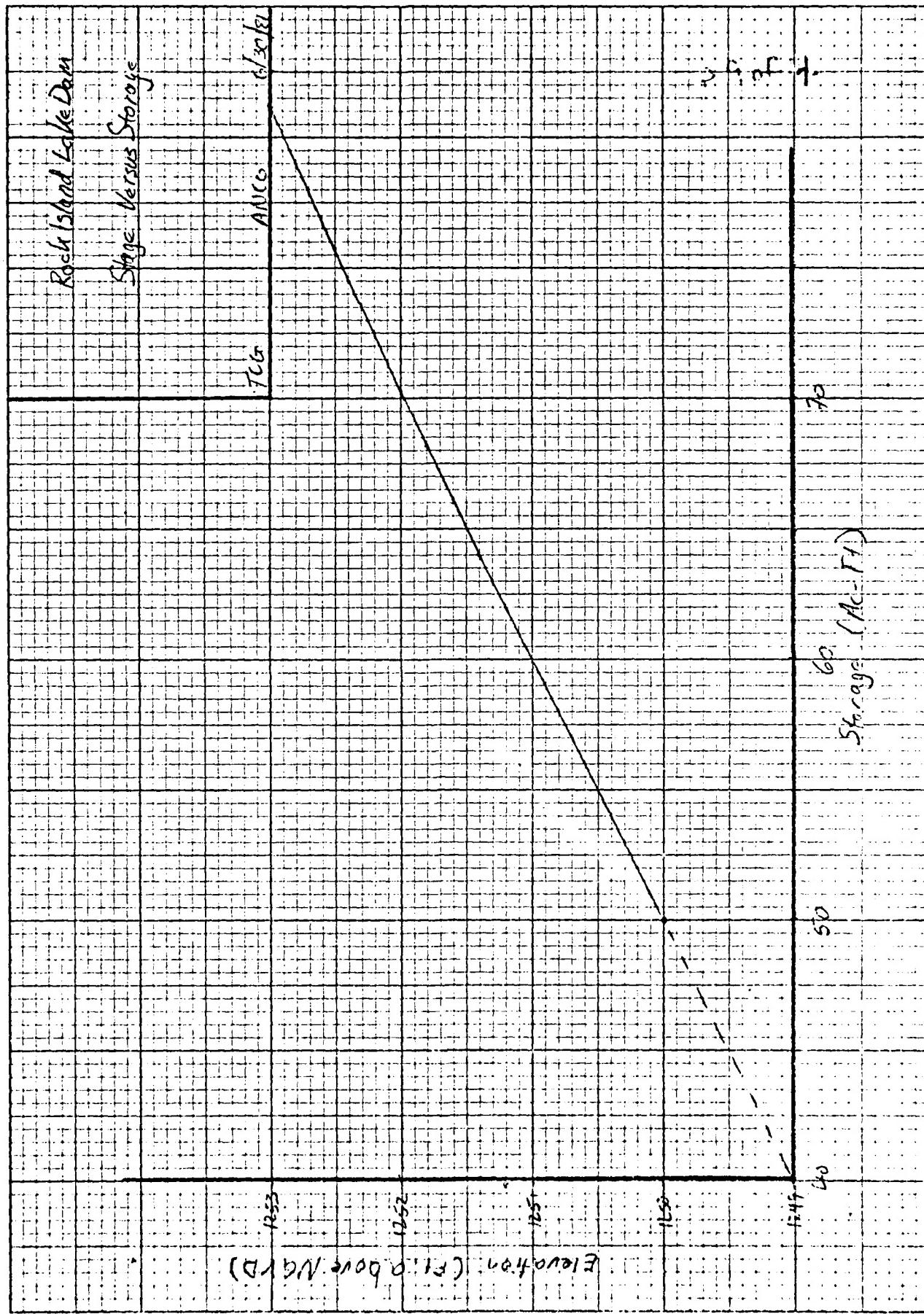
36

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Anderson-Nichols & Company, Inc.

Subject Rock Island

Sheet No. 10 of 14

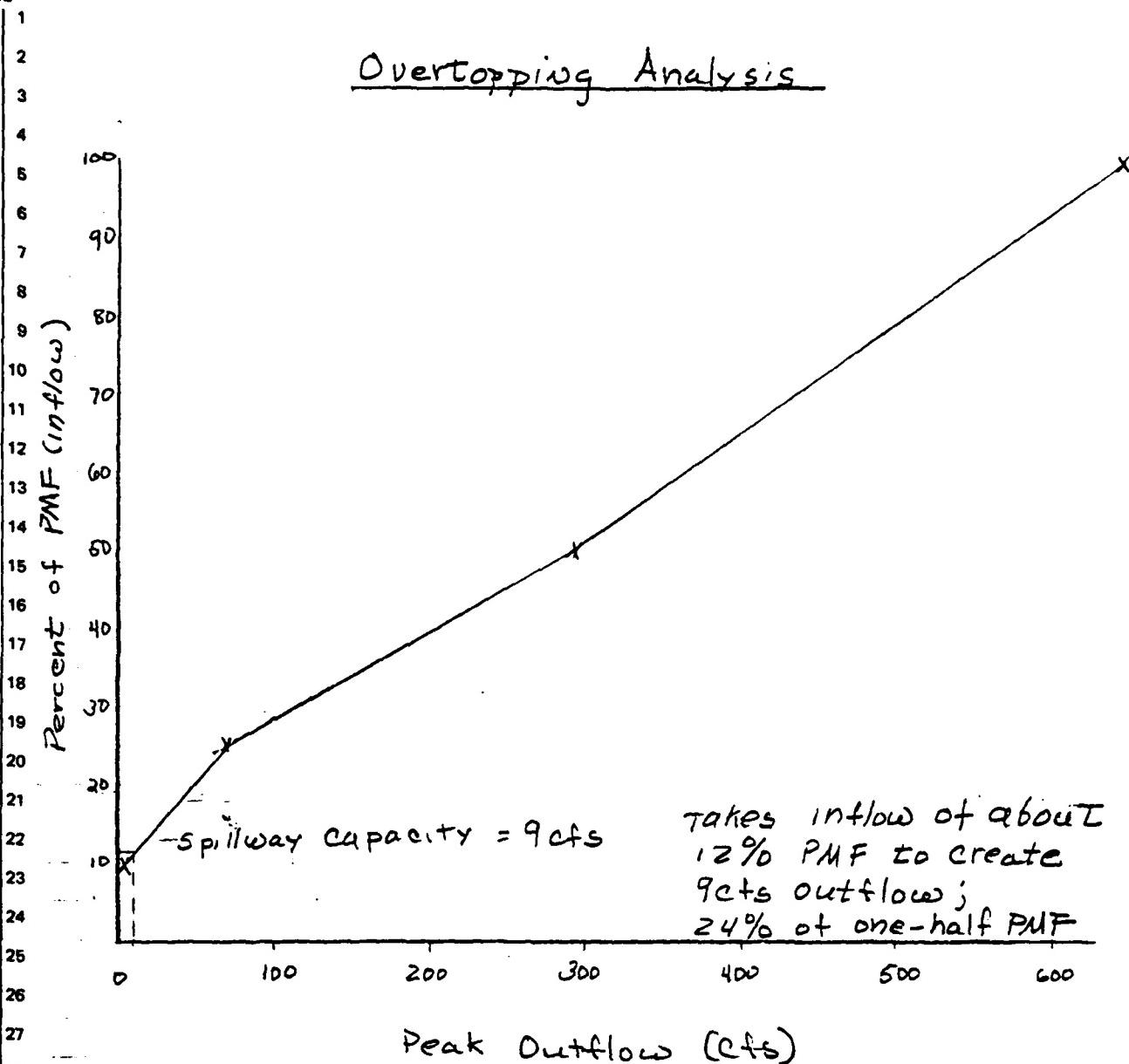
Date 6/30/61

Computed TCC

Checked CRD

JOB NO.

SQUARES 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30
1/4 IN. SCALE



JOB NO.

 SQUARES 1/4 IN. SCALE 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30

1

2

Breach Analysis

4 Assume breach width of 100'

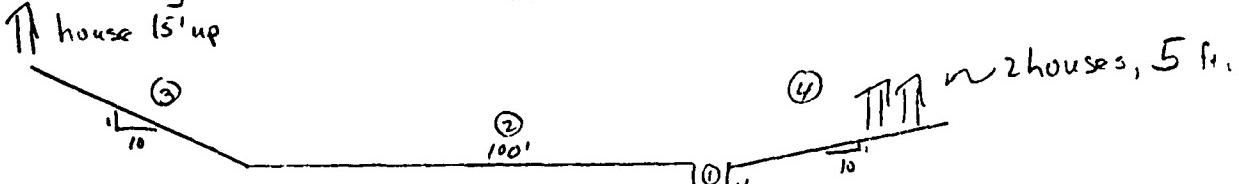
6 Time to develop of 0.25 hour

8 Straight walls on breach

10 Bottom elevation of 1238' NGVD

13 The damage center is a pond about 500 feet downstream, with
 14 3 houses around it, 2 about 5 feet above the pond and one
 15 about 15 feet up. The stream below Rock Island Dam actually
 16 routes around the pond to the north, beside the two lower houses.
 17

21 The following cross section approximates the control at the dam:



$$27 Q = 3.0 \overset{(1)}{H}^{3/2} + 2.7 \overset{(2)}{(100)} \overset{(2)}{(H-1)}^{3/2} + 2 (2.7) (10) \overset{(3)}{(H-1)} \overset{(4)}{(0.5(H-1))}^{3/2}$$

29 For storage, Assume 2 acre-ft at spillway crest, and large
 30 surface area $\rightarrow S = 2 + H(Ac/F_f)$. Assume constant surface area
 31 as pond rises (effect of pond storage on Q negligible anyway)

JOB NO.

 QUARES
 14 IN. SCALE 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30

 1
 2 H (ft above S/W) Q (cfs) Storage (Ac-Ft)
 3

4	0	0	2
5	1	15	3
6	2	332	4
7	3	950	5
8	4	1,821	6
9	5	2,939	7
10	6	4,306	8
11	7	5,930	9
12	8	7,815	10

A HEC-1 shows that dam breach upon overtopping would have the following impact:

 20 Flow Stage
 21

22 Before failure 9 cfs 0.6'

23 After failure 3,532 cfs 5.43'

This would cause about 0.4 feet of flooding at the two houses. Thus, the dam is considered to be significant hazard, since there is little threat of loss of life.

Anderson-Nichols & Company, Inc.

Subject Rock Island Dam

Sheet No. 13 of 14

Date 8/16/71

Computed K.P

Checked K.C.J.

JOB NO.

SQUARES 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30
1 IN. SCALE

1
2 Determination of "C" for
3 low level outlet
4
5

6 $D = \text{diameter} = 8 \text{ inches}$

7 $n = 0.015 \text{ for RCP (K+B 6-15)}$

8 $A_p = \text{area of pipe opening} = 0.35$

9 $L_p = \text{length of pipe} = 60 \text{ feet}$

10 $K_f = \text{friction loss through pipe}$

$$11 K_f = \frac{5087 n^2}{D^{4/3}} = \frac{5087 (.015)^2}{(8)^{4/3}} = .072$$

12 $K_l = \text{entrance loss to pipe} = 0.8 \text{ (K+B 6-18)}$

13 $C_p = \text{coefficient of discharge}$

$$14 C_p = A_p \sqrt{\frac{2g}{1 + k_l + k_f L_p}} = .35 \sqrt{\frac{64.4}{1 + .8 + (.072)(60)}} = 1.14$$

$$15 C = C_p / A_p / \sqrt{2g}$$

$$16 C = 1.14 / .35 / \sqrt{64.4} = 0.40$$

JOB NO.

 SQUARES 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30
 1/4 IN. SCALE

1

2

3

4

5

- Assume:
- ① no significant inflow
 - ② one 8" PIPE
 - ③ invert estimated at 1240.' NGVD
 - ④ $Q_p = C_p H^{\frac{1}{2}} = 1.14 H^{\frac{1}{2}}$
 - ⑤ Acre-ft/day = 1.9835 $\times Q_{ave}$
 - ⑥ Days = $\Delta \text{storage} / \text{Acre-ft/day}$

Elev (NGVD)	Storage (acre-ft)	ΔS	H (ft)	Q (cfs)	Ave Q (cfs)	Acre-ft day ⁻¹	Days
1250	50	10	9.7	3.6	3.4	6.7	1.5
1248	40	10	7.7	3.2	2.95	5.9	1.7
1246	30	10	5.7	2.7	2.45	4.9	2.0
1244	20	10	3.7	2.2	1.85	3.7	2.7
1242	10	10	1.7	1.5	1.75	1.5	6.7
12110.3	0		0				

141.6 day

APPENDIX 4
HEC 1 OUTPUT
ROCK ISLAND LAKE

PAGE 1

IEC-1 INPUT

卷之三

RUCK ISLAND LAKE DAM OVERSTOPPING ANALYSIS
NEW JERSEY DAM NO. 619 - SULLIVAN COUNTY - SPARTA TOWNSHIP
DETAILED RUN OF TEST FLOOD WITH 0.5 PMF FROM 24-HOUR PMP

ALL DEVELOPED INFLOW HYDROGRAPH TO ROCK ISLAND LAKE DAM

	0.69	0.27	1	ND	113	123	132
AM	0.64						
PM	0.27						
LU	0.2						
LU	0.1						
LU	0.2						

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PRECIPITATION DATA

11 PM - PROBABLE MAXIMUM STORM INDEX PRECIPITATION COEFFICIENT
TPSPC 22.20
TPSDA 0.60
TPSDW 0.09
SWD NO

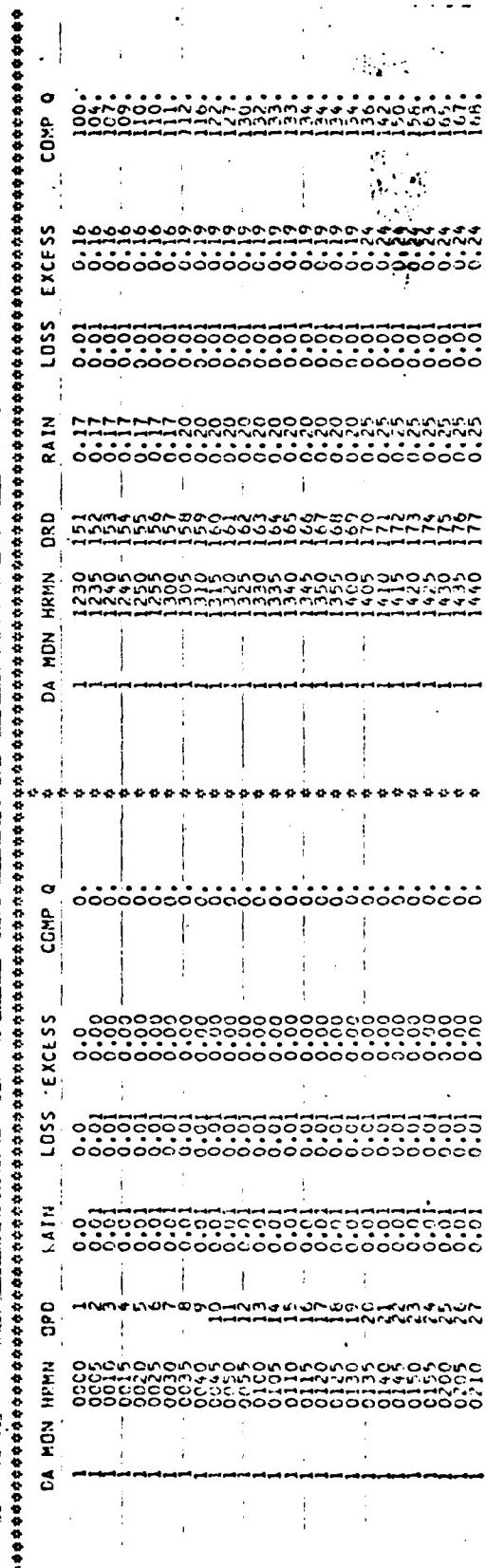
TRANSPOSITION AREA
USE SWD DISTRIBUTION
PERCENT OF INDEX PRECIPITATION OCCURRING IN GIVEN TIME
6-HR 46-HR 72-HR 96-HR
113.0 123.0 0.0 0.0

12 LU UNIFORM LOSS RATE 1.00 INITIAL LOSS
STOTL 0.10 UNIFORM LOSS RATE AREA
CNSTL 0.0 PERCENT IMPERVIOUS AREA
RTMP 0.0

13 UD SCS DIMENSIONLESS UNITGRAPH
LAG 0.22 LAG

35. 120. 166. 146. 15 FNC-OF-ERIOD ORDINATES
4. 2. 2. 1. 54. 33. 20. 12. 7.

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION A1



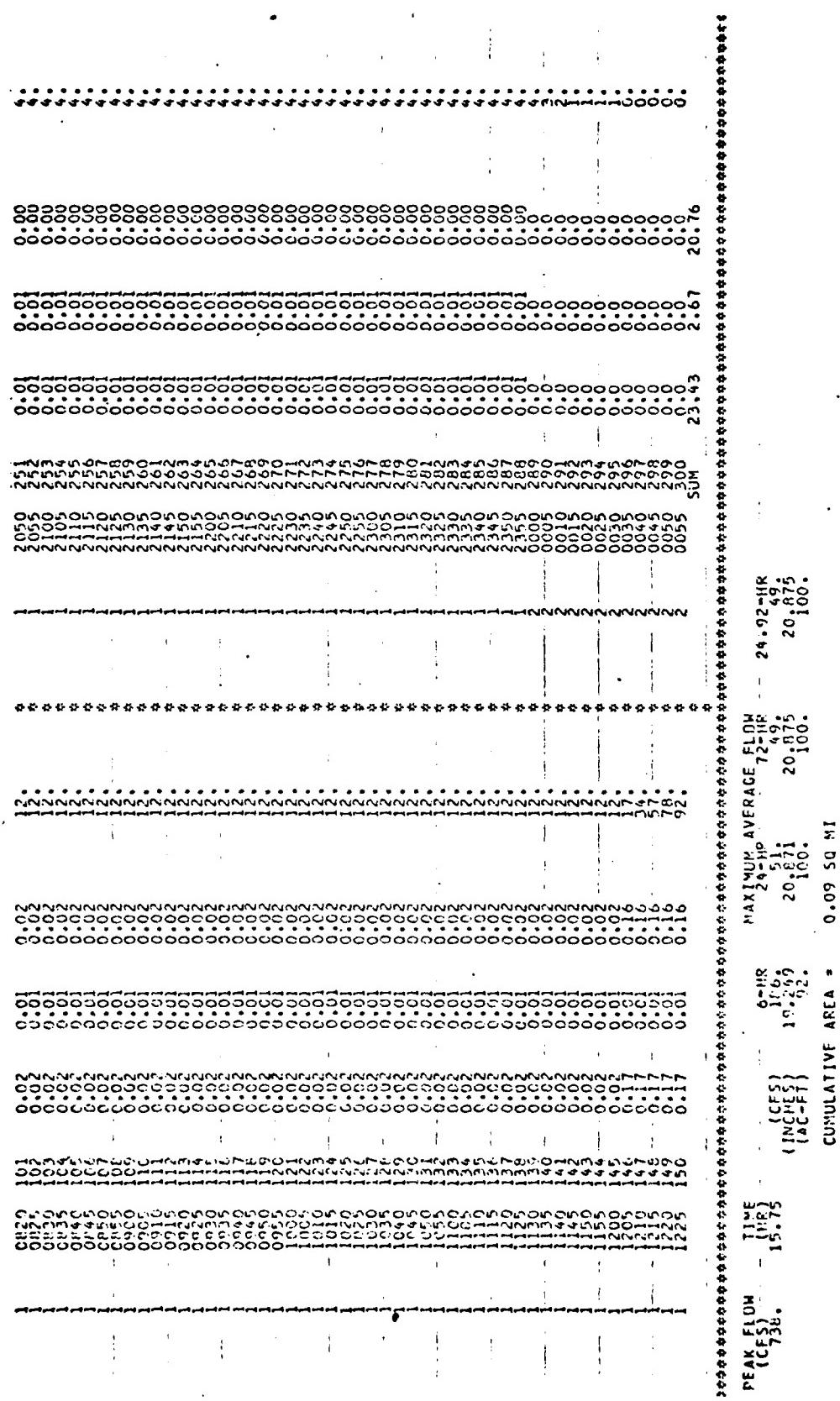
କରିବାକୁ ପାଇଁ ଏହାର ବିଷୟରେ ଆମଙ୍କୁ ବିଶ୍ଵାସ ନାହିଁ ।

A decorative horizontal border featuring a repeating pattern of small circles and dots. The pattern alternates between solid black circles and smaller white circles with black outlines. It is set against a white background.

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www.ijerpi.org | ISSN: 2278-5626 | Impact Factor: 5.21 | DOI: 10.18488/journal/2278-5626/10000

A decorative horizontal border consisting of a repeating pattern of small circles and dots. The pattern alternates between solid black circles and white circles with black outlines. These are arranged in a staggered grid-like structure.



HYDROGRAPHY AT STATION 1, RATIO = 0.50 AL

PEAK FLOW (CFS)	TIME (HR)	MAXIMUM FLOW 24-HR (CFS)	AVERAGE FLOW 72-HR (INCHES)	24-HR 10.638	92-HR 10.538
369.	15.75	9.624	10.435	10.638	10.538

COMMUNIST LEADERSHIP

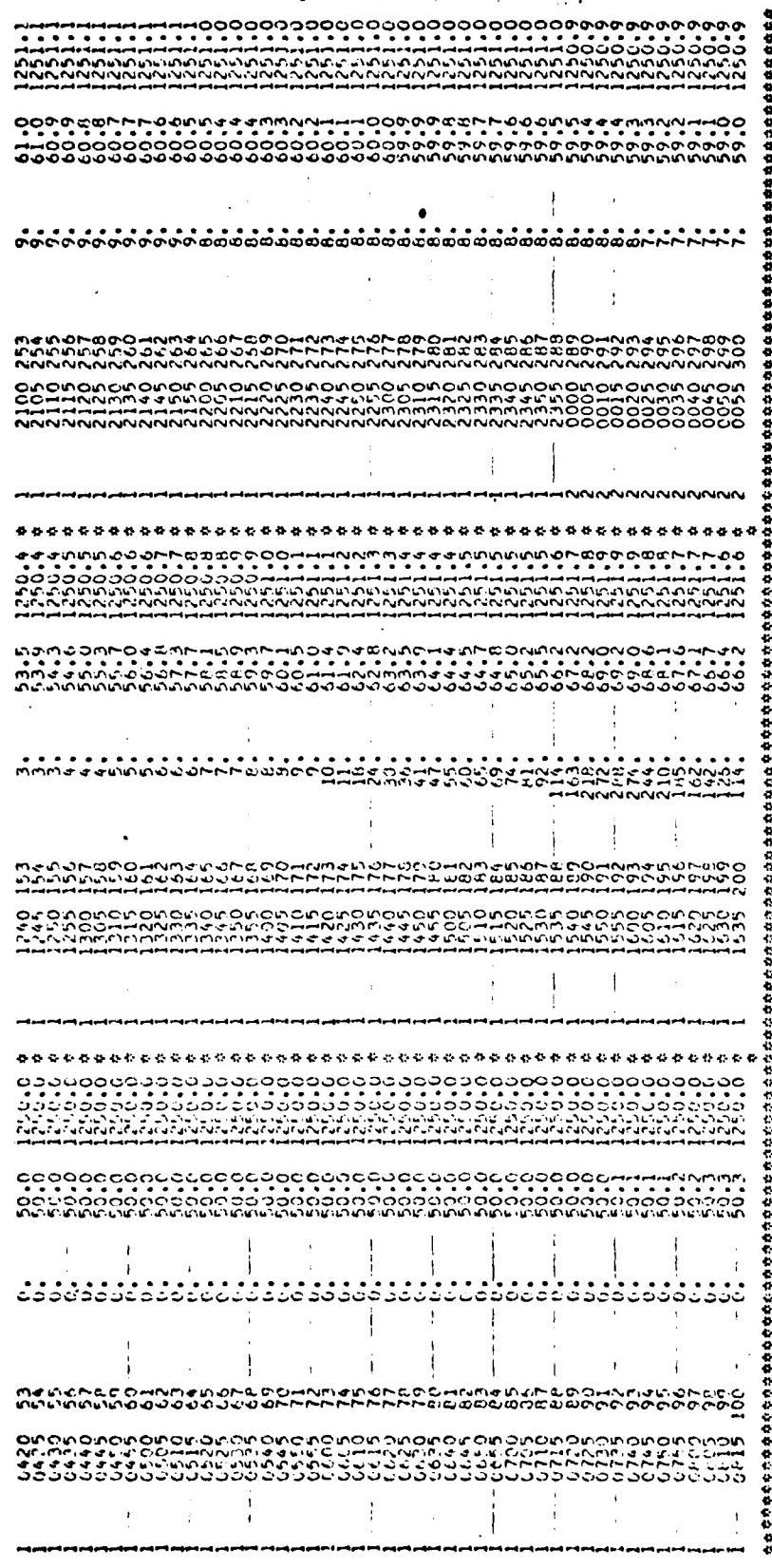
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HYDROGRAPH ROUTING DATA							
IS RS	STORAGE ROUTING HSTS		NUMBER OF SUBREACHES 1		TYPE OF INITIAL CONDITION		
	ST	TYP	STUR				
	RSVRIC	X	50.00	INITIAL CONDITION			
	0.00	WORKING R AND D COEFFICIENT					
16 SV	STORAGE	0.0	50.0	61.0	62.0	64.0	68.2
17 SE	ELEVATION	1238.00	1250.00	1251.10	1251.20	1251.40	1251.60
18 SQ	DISCHARGE	0.	0.	9.	12.	43.	110.
19 SE	ELEVATION	1238.00	1250.00	1251.10	1251.20	1251.40	1251.60
20 SS	SPILLWAY	SPACREL	1250.00	1251.10	1251.20	1251.40	1251.60
	SPW10	SPW10	3.00	SPILLWAY CREST ELEVATION			
	CQGW	CQGW	3.00	SPILLWAY WIDTH			
	EXPH	EXPH	1.50	WEIR COEFFICIENT			
				IF HEAD			
21 ST	TOP OF DAM	1251.10	1251.10	ELEVATION AT TOP OF DAM			
	CANL10	500.00	500.00	DATA WITH			
	EXPO	0.0	0.0	WEIR COEFFICIENT			
		1.0	1.0	EXponent OF HEAD			

STORAGE	0.0	50.00	61.00	COMPUTED	\$12.00	STORAGE-OUTFLOW	CURVE	66.10	68.20	70.30	75.70	81.20
---------	-----	-------	-------	----------	---------	-----------------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------

OUTFLOW : 0.0 0.0 8.90 11.70 43.00 110.00 215.00 362.00 928.00 1734.00

**HYDROGRAPH AT STATION
PLAY 1, RATIO = 0.50 A2**



AK GULFLOW IS	TIME	TIME	MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW
EAK FLOW (CFS)	TIME (HR)	TIME (INCHES)	24-HR 72-HR
288.	15.92	(CFS)	24.92-HR 200 R. 200
		(INCHES)	R. 526 R. 526
		(AC-FT)	41. 41.
AK STORAGE (AC-FT)	TIME (HR)	TIME (INCHES)	MAXIMUM AVERAGE STORAGE 24-HR 72-HR
69.	15.92	(AC-FT)	24.92-HR 56.
		(INCHES)	56.
		(AC FT)	1250.56
EAK STAGE (FT)	TIME (HR)	TIME (INCHES)	MAXIMUM AVERAGE STAGE 24-HR 72-HR
1251.90	15.92	(FT)	24.92-HR 1250.56
		(INCHES)	1250.56
		(AC FT)	1250.56
CUMULATIVE AREA	0.00	0.00	0.00

PEAK FLOW AND STAGE (END-OF-PERIOD) SUMMARY FOR MULTIPLE PLAN-RATIO ECONOMIC COMPUTATIONS
 FLOW IN CUBIC FEET PER SECOND AREA IN SQUARE MILES
 TIME TO PEAK IN HOURS

OPERATION	STATION	AREA	PLAN	RATIO .1	RATIOS APPLIED TO FLOWS
HYDROGRAPH AT	A1	0.09	1	FLOW TIME	36.9 15.75
ROUTED TO	A2	0.09	1	FLOW TIME	288. 15.92
				** PEAK STAGES IN FEET **	
			1	STAGE TIME	125.90 15.92

SUMMARY OF DAM OVERTOPPING/BREACH ANALYSIS FOR STATION A2

PLAN	ELEVATION STORAGE OUTFLK	INITIAL VALUE	SPILLWAY CREST	TOP OF DAM	
	1250.00 50. 0.	1250.00 50. 0.	1250.00 50. 0.	1251.10 61. 9.	
RATIO OF PRESRVR TO W.S.FLEV	MAXIMUM DEPTH OVER DAM	MAXIMUM STORAGE AC-FT	MAXIMUM OUTFLOW CFS	DURATION OVER TOP HOURS	TIME OF FAILURE HOURS
0.50	1251.90	0.80	69.	288.	6.75
*** NORMAL END OF JOB ***					

PEAK FLOW AND STAGE (END-OF-PERIOD) SUMMARY FOR MULTIPLE PLANT-RATIO ECONOMIC COMPUTATIONS
 PEAK FLOWS IN CFS/SEC, STAGE AREA IN SQUARE MILES
 TIME TO PEAK IN HOURS

OPERATION	STATION	AREA	PLAN	RATIOS APPLIED TO FLOWS					
				RATIO 1	RATIO 2	RATIO 3			
HYDROGRAPH AT	A1	0.09	1	FLOW	15.75	18.4	36.9	138.6	15.75
PLANT 10	A2	0.09	1	FLOW	16.25	16.17	15.92	15.83	16.00
			** PEAK STAGES	125 C.F.S.	125 C.F.S.	125 C.F.S.	125 C.F.S.	125 C.F.S.	125 C.F.S.
			TIME	18.25	16.17	15.92	15.83	15.75	15.62

SUMMARY OF CAVERTCFFING/BREACH ANALYSIS FOR STATION A2

PLAN 1	ELEVATION STORAGE OUTFLOW	INITIAL VALUE 50.	SPILLWAY EREST 50.	TOFF DAM 1251.61.	MAXIMUM RESERVOIR W.S.ELEV PHF	MAXIMUM PACIFIC CVR CAP	MAXIMUM STORAGE CFS	MAXIMUM OUTFLOW CFS	CURATION OVER 100 HOURS	MAX OUTS OF CW	TIME OF FAILURES
C:10	1250.79	6.0	58.	6.	6.	6.0	6.	6.	4.75	16.17	0.0
C:20	1251.48	0.36	65.	62.	62.	0.36	62.	62.	6.75	15.62	0.0
C:30	1252.29	0.095	79.	75.	75.	0.095	75.	75.	8.75	15.83	0.0
C:40	1252.25	0.1	93.	64.0	64.0	0.1	64.0	64.0	10.0	15.0	0.0

*** ACTUAL ENC OF JMB ***

PAGE 1

MEC-1 INPUT

10.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....8.....9.....10

18 ROCK JERSEY LAKE DAM - BREACH ANALYSIS - TOM COOCH ANCO
NEW JERSEY DAM NC. #19 - SUSSEX COUNTY - SPARTA TOWNSHIP

INFLOW HYDROGRAPH FOR ROCK ISLAND LAKE

A2 ACUTE INFELCH HYDROGRAPH THROUGH ROCK ISLAND LAKE

557	1250.0	3.0	1.5
558	1251.1	0.0	1.5
559	1251.1	0.0	1.5
560	1251.1	0.0	1.5

--- A3 - ROUTE OUTFLOW TO DAMAGE-CENTER ---

FLCN 8.8 5.6 6.0 4.3 7.5 8.0 9.1 7.0 10.0

15. 332. 950. 1821. 2932. 4300. 5930. 7815.
1. 32. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8.

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FLCDN HYDROGRAPH PACKAGE (HLCL-1)
FEBRUARY 1981

RUN DATE 07/07/81 TIME 17.06.58

U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS
THE HYDROLOGIC ENGINEERING CENTER
609 SECOND STREET
DAVIS, CALIFORNIA 95616
(916) 440-3285 OR (FTS) 44R-3285

ROCK ISLAND LAKE DAM - BREACH ANALYSIS - TOM GOODCH - ANCO
NEW JERSEY DAM NC. #19 - SUSSEX COUNTY - SPARTA TOWNSHIP

* 10 OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES

PRINT CONTROL

1 PRINT CONFOIL

0 HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE

YES PRINT DIAGNOSTIC MESSAGES

* 11 HYDROGRAPH TIME DATA

1 MINUTES IN COMPUTATION INTERVAL

LOCATE 1 0 STARTING DATE

TIME 0000 STARTING TIME

NO 100 NUMBER OF HYDROGRAPH ORDINATES

LOCATE 1 0139 ENDING DATE

NAME 0139 ENDING TIME

COMPUTATION INTERVAL 0.02 HOURS

TOTAL TIME BASL 1.65 HOURS

ENGLISH UNITS AREA SQUARE MILES

PRECIPITATION DEPTH INCHES

LENGTH, ELEVATION FEET

FLOW CUBIC FEET PER SECOND

STORAGE VOLUME ACRES-FEET

SURFACE AREA ACRES

TEMPERATURE DEGREES FAHRENHEIT

5 MK 3 A1 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH FOR ROCK ISLAND LAKE
0 BA SUBBASIN AREA CHARACTERISTICS 0.0 SUBBASIN AREA

HYDROGRAPH AT STATION A1

EFF. FUNC. ($\frac{CFS}{CFS_0}$)	TIME ($\frac{Hr}{Hr_0}$)	MAX. FLOW 24-HR	AVERAGE FLOW 72-HR	1.65-HR
0.07	{ $\frac{(CFS)}{(CFS_0)}$ $\frac{(INCHS)}{(INCHS_0)}$ $\frac{(ACFT)}{(ACFT_0)}$ }	6-HR 49 0.00 0.07	49 0.00 0.00 0.07	49 0.00 0.00 0.00

CUMULATIVE AREA = 0.0 50 100

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ROUTE INFLOW HYDROGRAPH

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CONTROLLING VARIABLES

PRINT CONTROL VARIABLE

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ROUTING DATA

SOUTING

SUSTAINABILITY

INITIAL CLOUD TEMPLATES

WORKING AND D

ACE 61.

1238.00 1250.00 1251.1

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RANGE 0. 0.

ROUTE INFLOW HYDROGRAPH THROUGH ROCK ISLAND LAKE

OUTPUT	CONTROL VARIABLES	PRINT CONTROL
IPRINT	1	PILOT CONTROL
INLOT	2	HYDROGRAPHIC SCALE
OSCILL	3	PILOT SCALE
	4	

TANAKA ET AL.

STORAGE FLOWING	ROUTING TYPE	NUMBER OF SUBREACHES	TYPE OF INITIAL CONDITION
1	FLOW A-HO R-SYRIC	1	INITIAL CONDITION

STORAGE	0.0	WORKING- R AND D-EFFICIENT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ELEVATION	1238.00	1250.00	1251.10	1251.20	1251.40	1251.60	1251.80	1252.00	1252.50
DISCHARGE	0.	0.	9.	12.	—	43.	110.	—	215.
ELEVATION	1238.00	1250.00	1251.10	1251.20	1251.40	1251.60	1251.80	1252.00	1252.50

14 SS SPILLWAY CREL 1250.00 SPILLWAY CREST ELEVATION
SPWID 3.00 SPILLWAY WIDTH
CCOM 3.00 WEIR COEFFICIENT
EXPW 1.50 EXPONENT OF HEAD

15 ST TOP OF DAM 1251.10 ELEVATION AT TOP OF DAM
DWHD 1500.00 DAN WIDTH
COCO 0.00 WEIR COEFFICIENT
EXPO 1.50 EXPONENT OF HEAD

16 SB BREACH DATA ELEVATION AT BOTTOM OF BREACH
DPH0 100.00 BREACH DEPTH
TBL2 0.05 BREACH SLOPE
FAIL 0.25 TIME FOR BREACH TO DEVELOP
FAIL 1251.10 W.S. ELEVATION TO TRIGGER FAILURE

	STORAGE	OUTFLOW	COMPUTED STORAGE-OUTFLOW CURVE
	0.0	50.00	61.00 62.00 64.00 66.10
	OUTFLOW	0.0	8.90 11.70 43.00 110.00
			215.00 362.00 928.00 1734.00

EGIN DAP FAILURE AT 0.10 HOURS

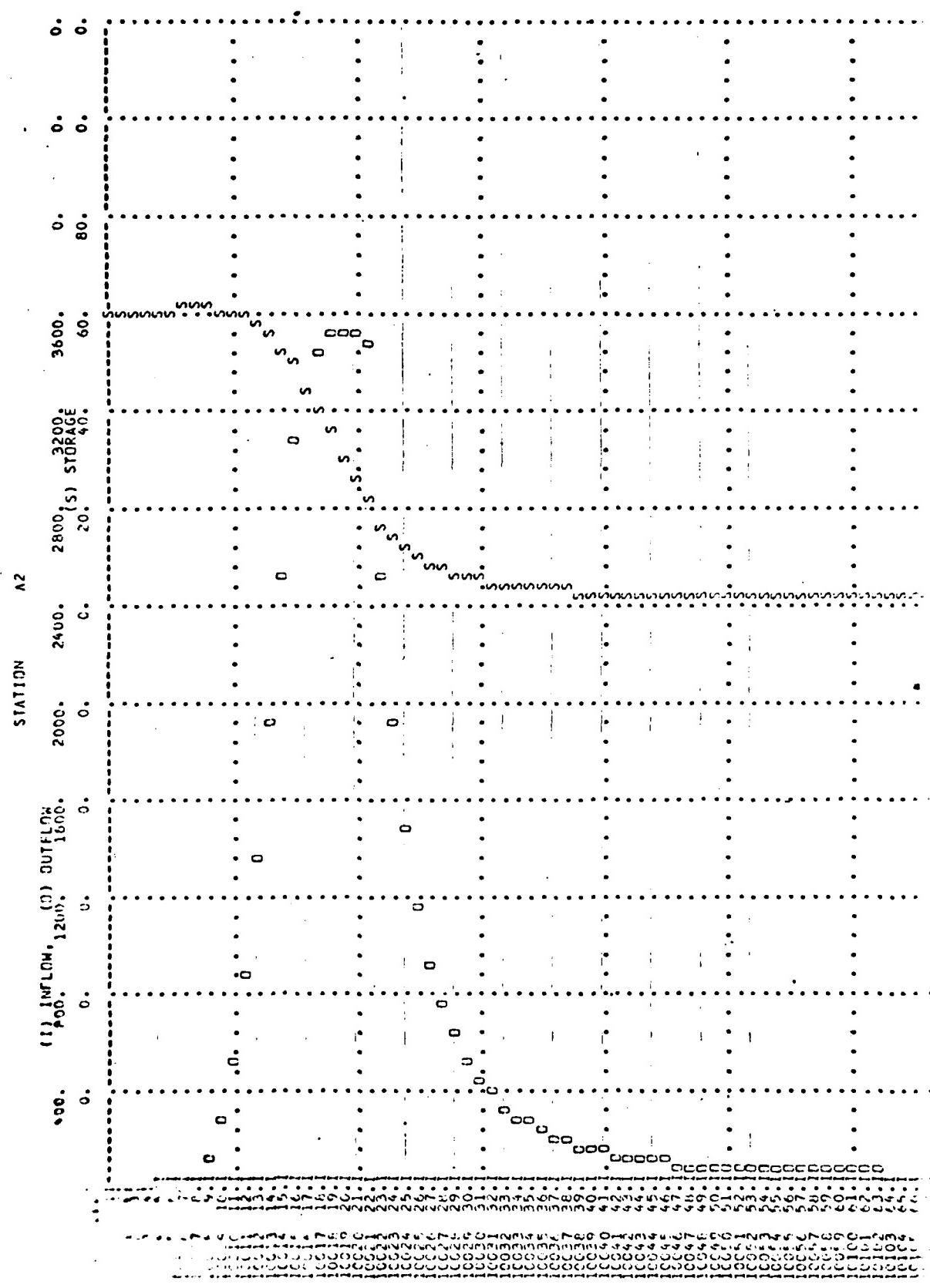
DA	MUN	HRMN	ORD	OUTFLW	STORAGE	STAGE	DA	MUN	HRMN	ORD	OUTFLW	STORAGE	STAGE
1	6000	1	60.9	1251.1	1	0034	36	264	3	6	1238.9	1	0108
	6001	2	60.9	1251.1	1	0035	36	264	3	6	1238.9	1	0109
	6002	2	60.9	1251.1	1	0036	37	264	3	6	1238.9	1	0110
	6003	2	60.9	1251.1	1	0037	37	264	3	6	1238.9	1	0111
	6004	2	60.9	1251.1	1	0038	37	264	3	6	1238.9	1	0112
	6005	2	60.9	1251.1	1	0039	37	264	3	6	1238.9	1	0113
	6006	2	60.9	1251.1	1	0040	37	264	3	6	1238.9	1	0114
	6007	2	60.9	1251.1	1	0041	37	264	3	6	1238.9	1	0115
	6008	2	60.9	1251.1	1	0042	37	264	3	6	1238.9	1	0116
	6009	2	60.9	1251.1	1	0043	37	264	3	6	1238.9	1	0117
	6010	2	60.9	1251.1	1	0044	37	264	3	6	1238.9	1	0118
	6011	2	60.9	1251.1	1	0045	37	264	3	6	1238.9	1	0119
	6012	2	60.9	1251.1	1	0046	37	264	3	6	1238.9	1	0120
	6013	2	60.9	1251.1	1	0047	37	264	3	6	1238.9	1	0121
	6014	2	60.9	1251.1	1	0048	37	264	3	6	1238.9	1	0122
	6015	2	60.9	1251.1	1	0049	37	264	3	6	1238.9	1	0123
	6016	2	60.9	1251.1	1	0050	37	264	3	6	1238.9	1	0124
	6017	2	60.9	1251.1	1	0051	37	264	3	6	1238.9	1	0125
	6018	2	60.9	1251.1	1	0052	37	264	3	6	1238.9	1	0126
	6019	2	60.9	1251.1	1	0053	37	264	3	6	1238.9	1	0127
	6020	2	60.9	1251.1	1	0054	37	264	3	6	1238.9	1	0128
	6021	2	60.9	1251.1	1	0055	37	264	3	6	1238.9	1	0129
	6022	2	60.9	1251.1	1	0056	37	264	3	6	1238.9	1	0130
	6023	2	60.9	1251.1	1	0057	37	264	3	6	1238.9	1	0131
	6024	2	60.9	1251.1	1	0058	37	264	3	6	1238.9	1	0132
	6025	2	60.9	1251.1	1	0059	37	264	3	6	1238.9	1	0133
	6026	2	60.9	1251.1	1	0060	37	264	3	6	1238.9	1	0134
	6027	2	60.9	1251.1	1	0061	37	264	3	6	1238.9	1	0135
	6028	2	60.9	1251.1	1	0062	37	264	3	6	1238.9	1	0136
	6029	2	60.9	1251.1	1	0063	37	264	3	6	1238.9	1	0137
	6030	2	60.9	1251.1	1	0064	37	264	3	6	1238.9	1	0138
	6031	2	60.9	1251.1	1	0065	37	264	3	6	1238.9	1	0139
	6032	2	60.9	1251.1	1	0066	37	264	3	6	1238.9	1	0140
	6033	2	60.9	1251.1	1	0067	37	264	3	6	1238.9	1	0141

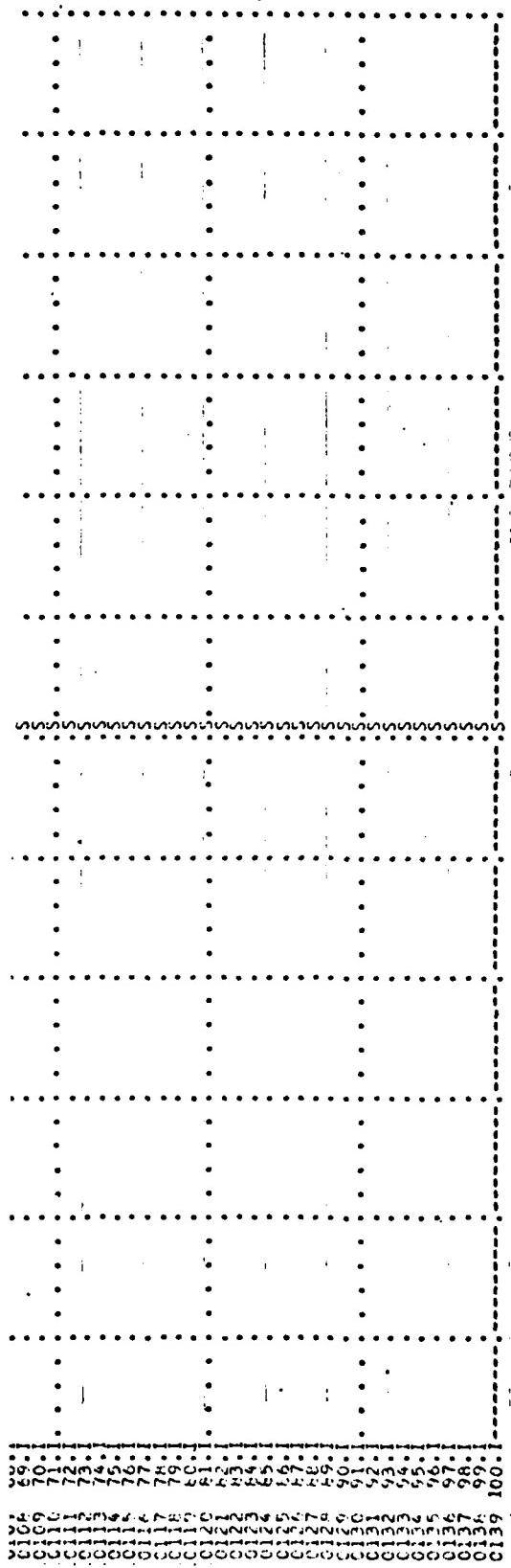
HYDROGRAPH AT STATION A2

0026	3.9	531.	6.7	1239.6	1	0102	63	91.	1628.3
0027	3.0	531.	5.4	1237.4	1	0103	64	60.	1628.3
0030	3.1	453.	5.4	1237.3	1	0104	65	59.	1628.3
0031	3.2	350.	4.9	1239.2	1	0105	66	58.	1628.3
0032	3.3	350.	4.4	1239.1	1	0106	67	57.	1628.3
0033	3.4	296.	4.1	1239.0	1	0107	68	56.	1628.3

AN OUTFLOW IS 3537. AT TIME 0.32 HOURS

EAK FLOW (CFS)	TIME (HR)	TIME (HR)	MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW 24-HR
3537.	0.32	(CFS) (AC-FT)	4.66. 0.000 0.66.
AN STAGE (AC-FT)	-	-	4.66. 0.000 0.66.
EAK STAGE (FEET)	0.12	TIME (HR)	MAXIMUM AVERAGE STORAGE 24-HR
1251.1	-	-	13.
EAK STAGE (FEET)	0.12	TIME (HR)	MAXIMUM AVERAGE STAGE 24-HR
1251.1	-	-	1240.98
CUMULATIVE AREA =	-	-	1240.98
	-	-	0.0 SQ MI





17 PK * 43 ROUTE OUTFLOW TO DAMAGE CENTER

18 RD OUTPUT CONTROL VARIABLES PRINT CONTROL
1PNT 1PLOT 2 PLOT CONTROL
CSCL 0. HYDROGRAPH PLOT SCALE

HYDROGRAPH ROUTING DATA

19 RS	STORAGE	ROUTING	NUMBER OF SUBREACHES	FLOW	TYPE OF INITIATION	CONDITION	
	STAGE	TYPE		8.00	INITIAL CONDITION		
	RSVRIC	X		0.0	WORKING R AND D COEFFICIENT		
20 SV	SURFACE		2.0	3.0	4.0	5.0	6.0
21 SE	ELEVATION		0.0	1.00	2.00	3.00	4.00
22 SO	DISCHARGE		0.	15.	332.	950.	1821.
23 SE	ELEVATION		0.0	1.00	2.00	3.00	4.00

STORAGE 2.00 3.00 4.00 COMPUTED STORAGE-DUTFLOW CURVE
OUTFLOW 0.0 15.00 332.00 950.00 1821.00 2939.00 4306.00 5930.00 7815.00

WARNING *** USE SPECIFIED PULSES INOUTTING WILL ORIGINALLY UNSTABLE FOR OUTFLOWS BETWEEN 4306.10 7815.

PEAK FLOW (CFS)	TIME (HRS)	MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW 24-HR	AVERAGE FLOW 72-HR	MAXIMUM AVERAGE FLOW 1.65-HR
0.33	{CFS}	6.48	4.62	1.65-HR
	{INC-1}	0.000	0.000	4.62
		0.66	0.66	0.000
AK STORAGE (AC-F)	TIME (HRS)	MAXIMUM AVERAGE STORAGE 24-HR	AVERAGE STORAGE 72-HR	MAXIMUM AVERAGE STORAGE 1.65-HR
7.	6-HR	6-HR	4-HR	4-HR
PEAK STAGE (FT)	TIME (HRS)	MAXIMUM AVERAGE STAGE 24-HR	AVERAGE STAGE 72-HR	MAXIMUM AVERAGE STAGE 1.65-HR
5.43	1.76	6-HR	1.76	1.76
		CUMULATIVE AREA = 0.0	SO M1	1.76

OPERATION HYDROGRAPH AT	STATION	PEAK FLOW	TIME OF PEAK	AVERAGE FLOW FOR MAXIMUM PERIOD		BASIN AREA	MAXIMUM STAGE	TIME OF MAX STAGE
				6-HOUR	24-HOUR			
ROUTED TO	A1	50.	0.07	49.	49.	49.	0.0	0.12
ROUTED TO	A2	3537.	0.32	486.	486.	486.	0.0	0.33
ROUTED TO	A3	3532.	0.33	482.	482.	482.	0.0	5.43

SUMMARY OF DAM OVERTOPPING/BREACH ANALYSIS FOR STATION

A2

PLAN 1	LEVACI STORAG E OUTFLU	INITIAL VALUE 1251.09 61.	SPILLWAY CPFST 1250.00 1250. 12803.	TOP OF DAM 1251.0 1250. 1463.		
RATIO OF PFM -	MAXIMUM RESERVOIR W.S.ELEV	MAXIMUM DEPTH OVER DAM	MAXIMUM STORAGE AC-FT	DURATION OVER TOP HOURS	TIME OF MAX OUTFLOW HOURS	TIME OF FAILURE HOURS
1.00	1251.11	0.01	61.	3537.	0.06	0.32
* NORMAL END OF JOB ***						0.10

APPENDIX 5
REFERENCES
ROCK ISLAND LAKE

APPENDIX 5
REFERENCES

ROCK ISLAND LAKE DAM

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